BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017



BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

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BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

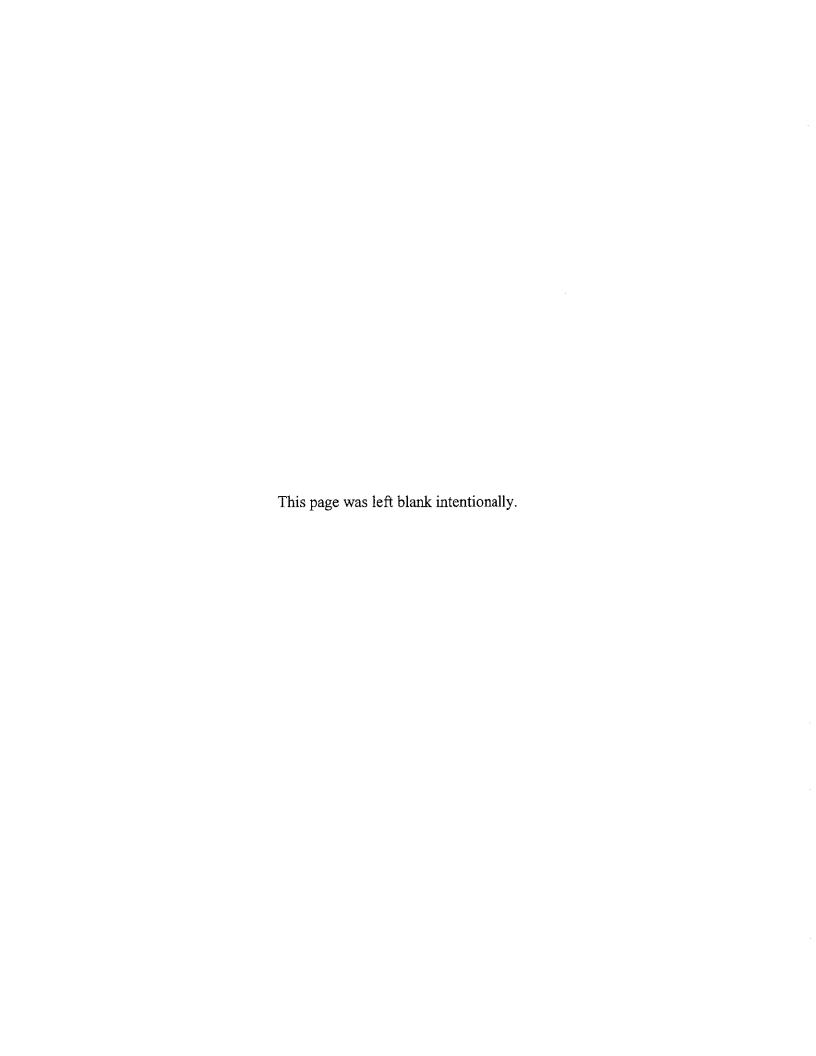
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COUNTY OF BECKER

Office of Auditor-Treasurer

915 Lake Ave. • Detroit Lakes, MN 56501-3403
Phone: 218-846-7311 • Fax: 218-846-7257
E-Mail: auditor@co.becker.mnus

Honorable Chairman and Commissioners Becker County Board of Commissioners 915 Lake Avenue Detroit Lakes, MN 56501

Gentlemen,

The Annual Financial Report of Becker County is submitted for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This report was prepared by the County Auditor-Treasurer's Office. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position of the County and results of operation of the County, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and all disclosures necessary to enable maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs.

The Annual Financial Report is presented in two sections: Introductory and Financial. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter and the County's organizational chart. The Financial Section includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, the Required Supplementary Information, and the Supplementary Information.

This report includes all of the funds and entities, which are considered to be under the direction and control of the County Board. The County provides a full range of services including public safety and law enforcement; courts and probation services; tax assessment and collection; vital statistics and public records; human services; highways, planning, inspection, and environmental health; and recreation and cultural services.

Copies of this report will be sent to elected officials, County management, bond rating agencies, and governmental agencies, which have expressed an interest in Becker County's financial affairs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements, presented with the basic financial statements, are an integral part of this Annual Financial Report and should be read for a full understanding of the statements and information presented herein.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Minnesota State Law requires an audit to be made of the books of accounts, financial records, and transactions of the County by the CliftonLarsonAllen LLP. This requirement has been complied with, and the Auditor's opinion is included in this report.

The CliftonLarsonAllen LLP will issue a management and compliance letter covering the review, made as part of their examination of Becker County's system of internal control and compliance with applicable legal provisions. The management and compliance letter will not modify or affect, in any way, this report on the financial statements.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the professional and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Auditor-Treasurer's Office.

Sincerely,

Darin O Halvorson

Becker County Accountant

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

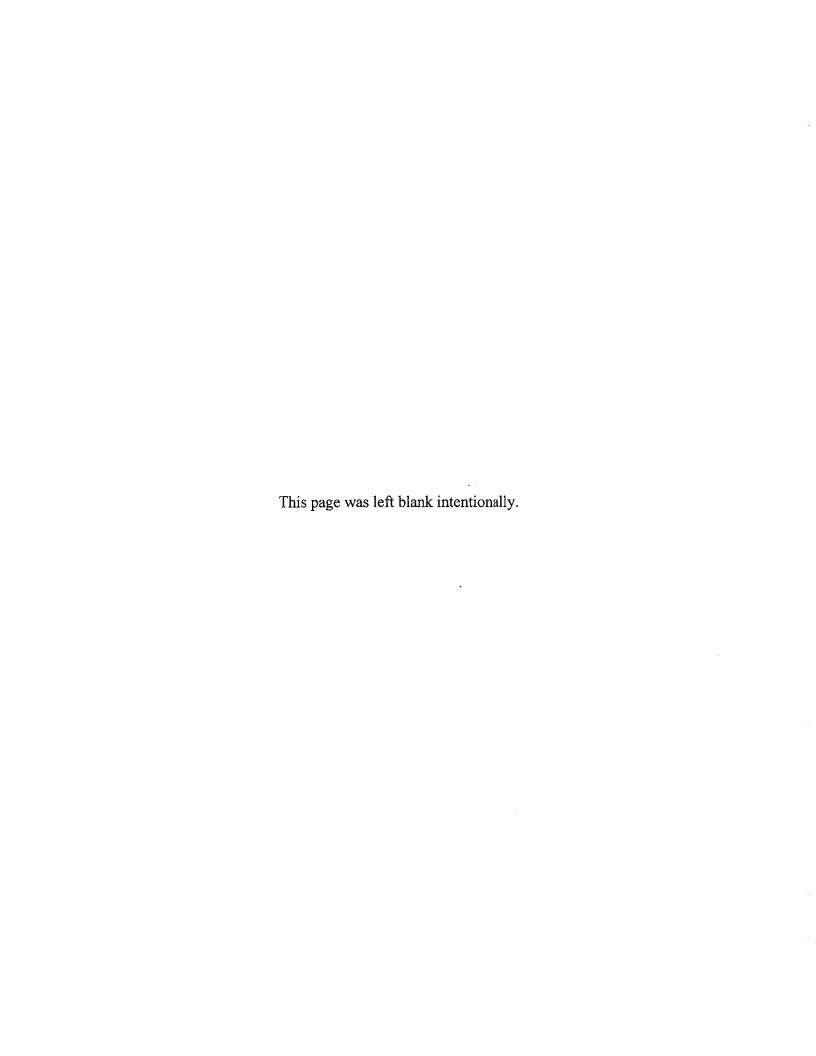
ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2017

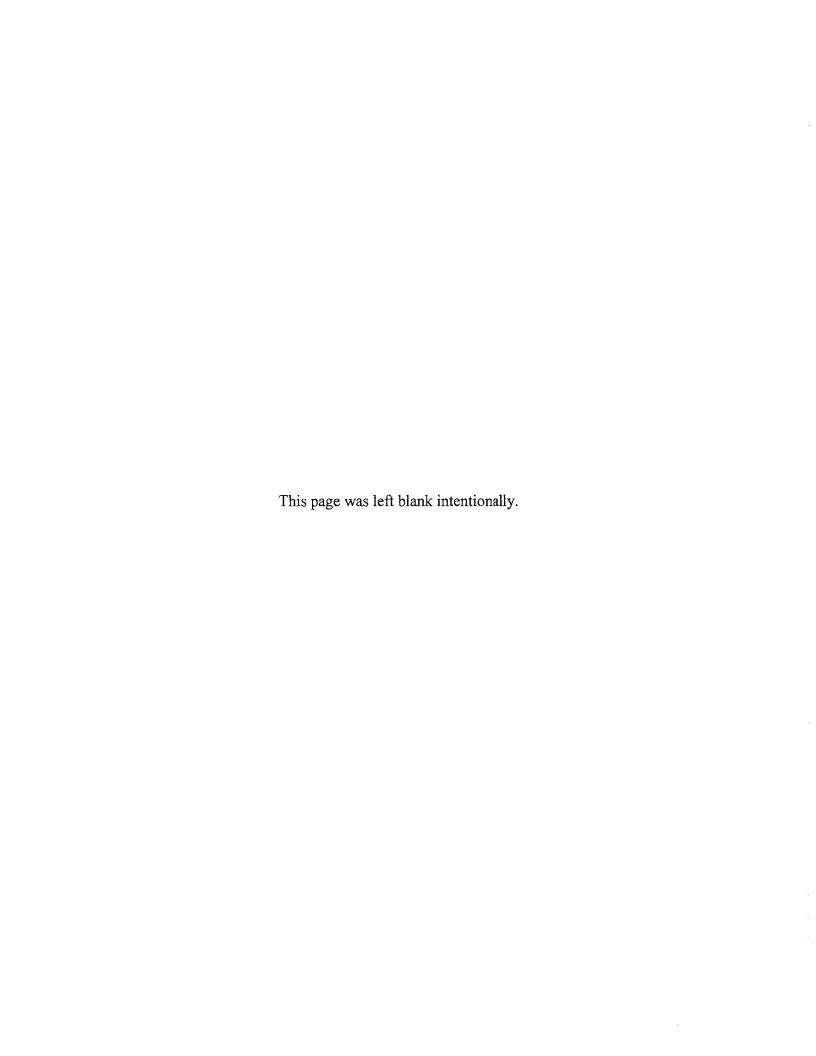
Office	Name	Term Expires
Commissioners		
1st District	Larry Knutson*	January 2019
2nd District	Ben Grimsley	January 2019
3rd District	John Okeson	January 2021
4th District	Donald Skarie**	January 2021
5th District	Barry Nelson	January 2021
Officers		
Elected		
Attorney	Tammy Merkins***	January 2019
Auditor-Treasurer	Mary Hendrickson	January 2019
Recorder	Patricia Swenson	January 2019
Registrar of Titles	Patricia Swenson	January 2019
Sheriff	Todd Glander	January 2019
Appointed		
Administrator	Jack Ingstad	Indefinite
Assessor	Steve Carlson	January 2021
Highway Engineer	Jim Olson	Indefinite
Coroner	Knute Thorsgard	January 2019
Human Services Director	Denise Warren	Indefinite
Human Resources Director	Nancy Grabanski	Indefinite
Land Use Director	Steve Skoog	Indefinite
Surveyor	Roy Smith	January 2019

^{*2016} Chair

^{**2016} Vice Chair

^{***}Appointed on 7/8/16 to fill the elected term and later resigned. Brian McDonald was appointed on 4/17/18.









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Becker County Detroit Lakes, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Becker County (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Becker County as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Becker County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities- all agency funds, and the schedule of intergovernmental revenue are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities- all agency funds, the schedule of intergovernmental revenue, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

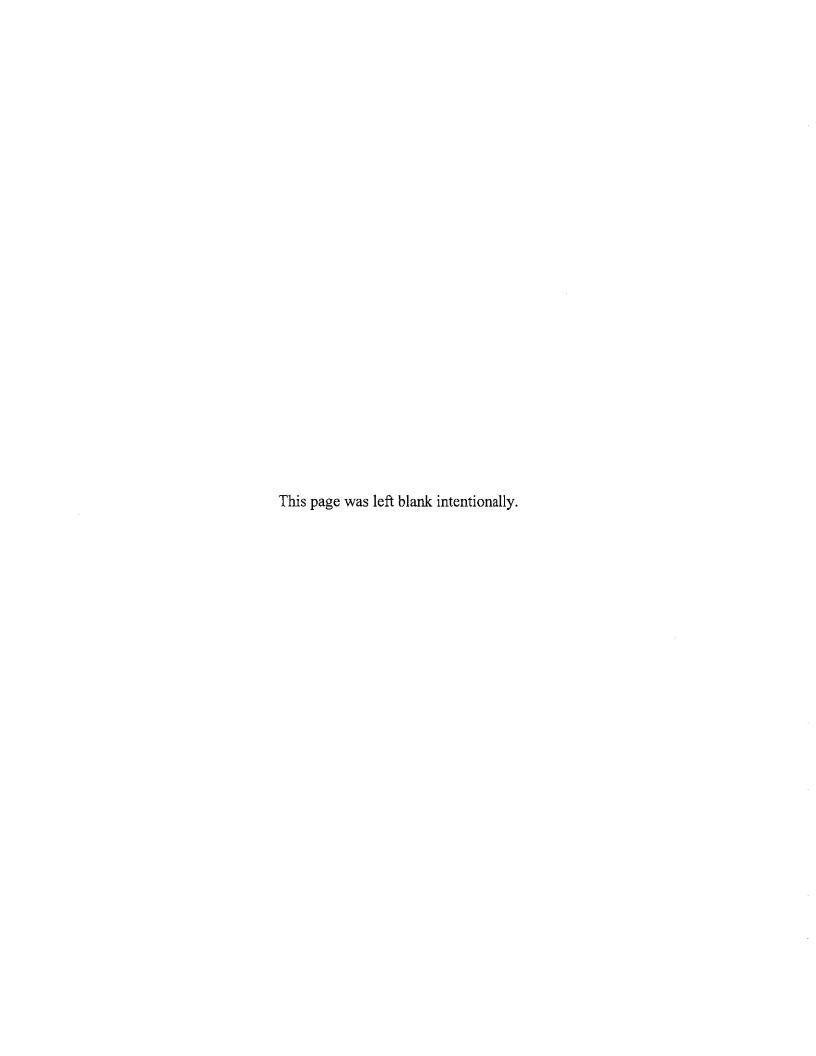
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 24, 2018, on our consideration of Becker County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Becker County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Becker County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota September 24, 2018





BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Unaudited)

The management of Becker County offers readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Becker County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The Management's Discussion and Analysis provides comparisons with the previous year and is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements that follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The total net position of governmental activities is \$93,794,372 of which \$70,288,981 is net investment in capital assets, \$6,384,072 is restricted for specific purposes, and \$17,121,319 is unrestricted. The total net position of governmental activities increased by \$13,438,184 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The total net position of business-type activities is \$30,237, of which \$448,371 is net investment in capital assets, \$6,087 is restricted for capital projects, and negative \$424,221 is unrestricted. The total net position of business-type activities decreased by \$136,273 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

At the close of 2017, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$37,896,344 an increase of \$11,570,252 from the prior year. Of the total fund balance amount, \$1,457,078 is nonspendable, \$3,026,484 is legally or contractually restricted, \$14,768,117 is formally committed for specific purposes, \$12,286,824 is assigned for specific purposes, and \$6,357,841 is noted as unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Maintaining an adequate fund balance is necessary to provide County services throughout the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Becker County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (such as uncollected taxes).

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the County into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities--Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including
 general government, public safety, public transportation, highways and streets, sanitation,
 human services, health, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, and
 economic development. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these
 activities.
- Business-type activities--The County charges fees to cover the costs of certain services it provides. Included here are the operations of the Sunnyside Care Center.

(Unaudited)

• Component unit--The County includes one separate legal entity in its report. The Becker County Economic Development Authority is presented in a separate column. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the County is financially accountable for it. Complete financial statements of the Becker County Economic Development Authority can be obtained from the Becker County Auditor-Treasurer's Office located at 915 Lake Avenue, Detroit Lakes, Minnesota 56501.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Becker County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund-level financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports three governmental fund types: General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund, Public Safety Special Revenue Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, and the Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five special revenue funds and the Debt Service Fund are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in combining statements after the notes to the financial statements.

Becker County adopts annual budgets for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparisons have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary Funds Becker County maintains one proprietary fund. The Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the Sunnyside Care Center. Financing is provided by charges to residents for services. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, and are included in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as business-type activities.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. Becker County's fiduciary funds consist of three agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In addition, the Agency Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because those resources are not available to support the County's programs. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All fiduciary activities are reported in Exhibit C-1, Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 37 of this report.

Other Information--In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The County also provides supplementary information and other schedules, including combining statements, budgetary comparison schedules, a schedule of intergovernmental revenue, and a schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources by \$93,794,372 at the close of 2017. The largest portion of the County's net position (approximately 74.9 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (land, right-of-way, construction in progress, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, land improvements, machinery, furniture and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. It should be noted that this amount is not available for future spending. Approximately 6.8 percent of the County's net position is restricted, and 18.3 percent of the County's net position is unrestricted. The unrestricted net position amount of \$17,121,319 as of December 31, 2017, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens.

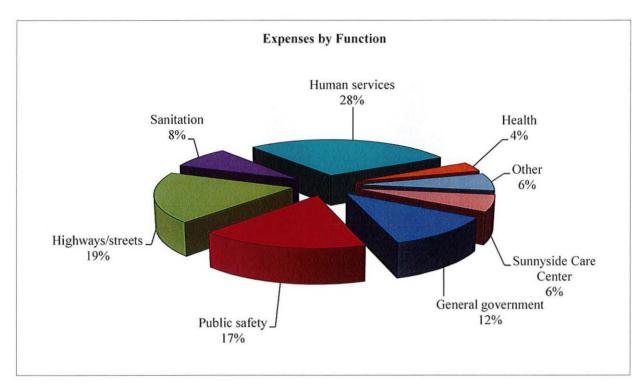
The County's overall financial position increased from last year. Total assets increased by \$27,529,780 from the prior year as a result of various road projects that were added to the infrastructure, new jail, and equipment purchases and updates. This resulted in increased net position of \$13,301,911 from the prior year.

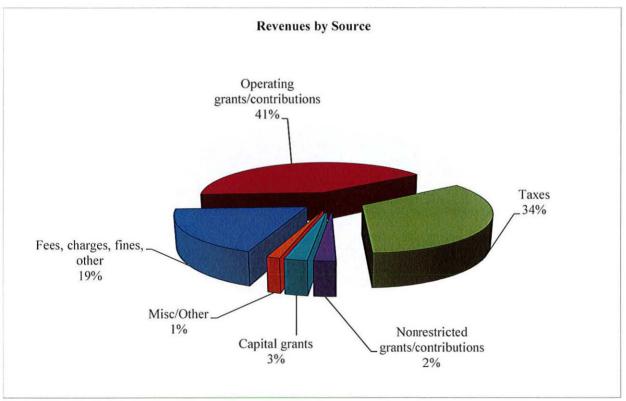
Net Position

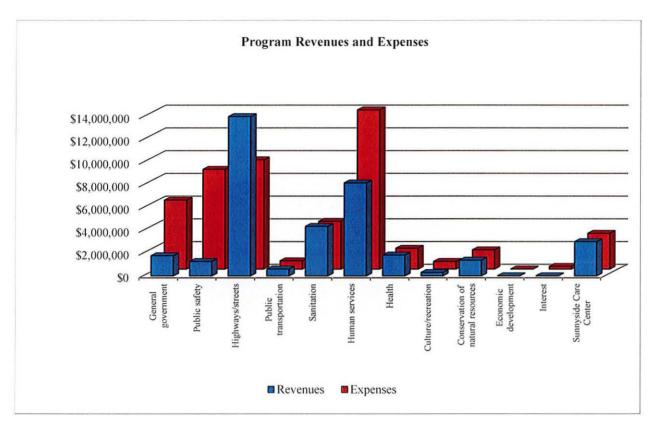
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Type Activities	s Total Primary	Total Primary Government			
	2017	2016	2017 201	6 2017	2016			
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 47,854,822 83,618,981	\$ 32,970,609 70,976,296		\$1,156 \$ 48,072,556 78,814 85,024,099	\$ 33,111,765 72,455,110			
Total Assets	\$ 131,473,803	\$ 103,946,905	\$ 1,622,852 \$ 1,61	19,970 \$ 133,096,655	\$ 105,566,875			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 7,536,481	\$ 13,065,704	\$ 364,168 \$ 74	\$ 7,900,649	\$ 13,807,560			
Liabilities Other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 5,518,194 33,097,255	\$ 2,477,031 31,305,705		\$ 5,816,173 \$ 34,497,033	\$ 2,719,054 33,051,682			
Total Liabilities	\$ 38,615,449	\$ 33,782,736	\$ 1,697,757 \$ 1,98	86,999 \$ 40,313,206	\$ 35,769,735			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 6,600,463	\$ 2,873,685	\$ 259,026 \$ 20	08,317 \$ 6,859,489	\$ 3,082,002			
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 70,288,981 6,384,072 17,121,319	\$ 66,981,296 5,638,887 7,736,005	6,087	73,738 \$ 70,737,352 6,664 6,390,159 3,892) 16,697,098	\$ 67,455,034 5,645,551 7,422,113			
Total Net Position	\$ 93,794,372	\$ 80,356,188	\$ 30,237 \$ 16	56,510 \$ 93,824,609	\$ 80,522,698			

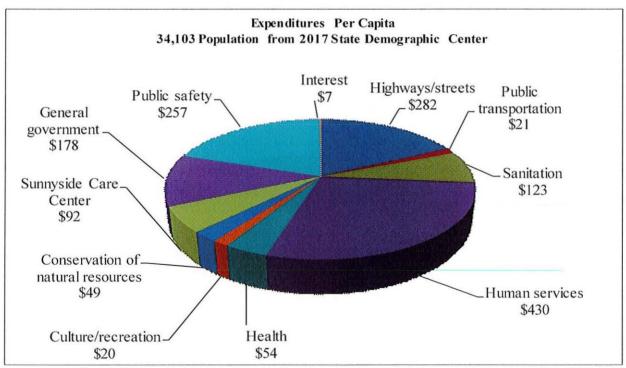
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2017		2016		2017		2016	_	2017		2016	
Revenues													
Program Revenues	_		_		_		_		_		_		
Fees, charges, fines, and other Operating grants and	\$	9,344,666	\$	7,636,635	\$	2,961,590	\$	2,855,070	\$	12,306,256	\$	10,491,705	
Contributions		27,233,656		17,241,032		41,191		35,770		27,274,847		17,276,802	
Capital grants and contributions General Revenues		536,781		2,462,654		704		101		537,485		2,462,755	
Property taxes		20,007,467		19,224,855		-		-		20,007,467		19,224,855	
Local sales tax		2,367,984		2,132,734		-		-		2,367,984		2,132,734	
Other taxes Grants and contributions not		451,462		484,269		-		•		451,462		484,269	
restricted to specific programs		1,484,696		1,654,277		4,316		642		1,489,012		1,654,919	
Other general revenues		455,539		426,879			. —	(2,518)		455,539		424,361	
Total Revenues	\$	61,882,251	<u>\$</u>	51,263,335	\$	3,007,801	. \$	2,889,065	\$	64,890,052	<u>\$</u>	54,152,400	
Expenses													
General government	\$	6,065,781	\$	6,015,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,065,781	\$	6,015,887	
Public safety		8,770,604		9,848,490		-		-		8,770,604		9,848,490	
Public transportation		725,757		651,010		-		-		725,757		651,010	
Highways and streets		9,607,568		8,906,898		-		-		9,607,568		8,906,898	
Sanitation		4,198,728		3,693,646		-		•		4,198,728		3,693,646	
Human services		14,662,365		14,263,512		-		-		14,662,365		14,263,512	
Health		1,828,388		1,908,378		•		-		1,828,388		1,908,378	
Culture and recreation Conservation of natural		668,028		707,933		-		-		668,028		707,933	
resources		1,685,381		1,223,084				-		1,685,381		1,223,084	
Economic development		· · · -		8,551		-		•		-		8,551	
Interest		231,467		104,072		-		-		231,467		104,075	
Sunnyside Care Center		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				3,143,073	_	2,948,755	_	3,143,073		2,948,755	
Total Expenses	\$	48,444,067	\$	47,331,464	\$	3,143,073	\$	2,948,755	\$	51,587,140	\$	50,280,219	
Increase (decrease) in net													
position	\$	13,438,184	\$	3,931,871	\$	(135,272)	\$	(59,690)	\$	13,302,912	\$	3,872,181	
Net Position, January I		80,356,188		76,424,317		165,509		226,200		80,521,697		76,650,517	
Net Position, December 31	\$	93,794,372	\$	80,356,188	\$	30,237	\$	166,510	\$	93,824,609	\$	80,522,698	









FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, with a focus on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Funds

At the end of 2017, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$37,896,344. Of this amount, approximately 3.8 percent constitutes nonspendable fund balance, 8 percent constitutes legally or contractually restricted fund balance, 39 percent constitutes formally committed fund balance, 32.4 percent constitutes specifically assigned fund balance, and 16.8 percent constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's total fund balance was \$8,264,948. The General Fund's nonspendable fund balance was \$916,747, restricted fund balance was \$964,995, committed fund balance was \$25,366, and unassigned fund balance was \$6,357,841. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures for 2017. Unrestricted fund balance represents 85.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 111.7 percent of that same amount.

In 2017, the fund balance amount in the General Fund decreased by \$1,666,694. The decrease is due to a transfer of funds for the new jail project.

The fund balance of the Public Safety Special Revenue Fund increased \$3,903,574 from the prior year, due primarily to transfer of funds from the general fund for new jail project.

The fund balance of the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund increased \$9,501,017 in 2017, due to turnback revenue for State Highway 225 received in 2017 but not expensed in the same year.

The fund balance of the Human Services Special Revenue Fund increased \$273,533 from the prior year, due mainly from conservative budgeting practices.

The fund balance of the Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund decreased \$576,150 from construction costs for the new Material Recovery Facility.

Proprietary Fund

The Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund's total operating revenues increased \$111,941, or approximately 3.9 percent. Net resident services revenues increased 4.2 percent from \$2,780,093 in fiscal year 2016 to \$2,896,216 in fiscal year 2017. Nursing facility occupancy for fiscal year 2016 was 88.1 percent compared to 81.5 percent in fiscal year 2017. Operating expenses increased \$196,139, or 6.7 percent, which primarily resulted from increased expenses in Nursing, Administration, and Employee Benefits. This combination of an increase in operating revenues and an increase in operating expenses resulted in an operating loss of \$112,195. When the nonoperating revenues and expenses and capital contributions are added to the analysis, the total change in net position was a negative \$135,272.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were no amendments to the original budget as approved for 2017.

Actual revenues were more than overall final budgeted revenues by \$463,010, with the largest positive variance due to conservative budgeting.

Actual expenditures were less than overall final budgeted expenditures by \$395,537, mainly as a result of vacancies not being filled and accurate budgeting practices.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2017, and business-type activities as of September 30, 2017, amounted to \$85,024,099 (net of accumulated depreciation). The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 17.3 percent. This was primarily due to the capitalized infrastructure and a new jail building project.

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	_	2017	2016		2017		2016		2017		2016	
Land	\$	1,715,310	\$	1,632,847	\$	118,625	\$	118,625	\$	1,833,935	\$	1,751,472
Right-of-way		1.010,034		922,828				-		1,010,034		922,828
Construction in progress		10,156,750		68,062		-		-		10,156,750		68,062
Infrastructure		54,231,794		51,499,195		-		-		54,231,794		51,499,195
Buildings and improvements		11,848,910		12,461,826		1,152,194		1,209,230		13,001,104		13,671,056
Land improvements		844,120		734,179		42,380		45,390		886,500		779,569
Machinery, furniture, and												
equipment		3,812,063		3,657,359		91,919		105,569		3,903,982		3,762,928
Total Capital Assets	\$	83,618,981	\$	70,976,296	\$	1,405,118	\$	1,478,814	\$_	85,024,099	\$	72,455,110

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$14,286,747, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

	Governm	Governmental Activities			Business-Typ	e Activi	ties	Total Primary Government			
	2017	2016			2017		2016	2016	2016		
General obligation bonds General obligation	\$ 13,330,000	\$	3,995,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,330,000	\$	3,995,000	
revenue notes Advance from other funds	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		40,000 916,747		48,000 956,075	40,000 916,747		48,000 956,075	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 13,330,000		3,995,000	\$	956,747	\$	1,004,075	\$ 14,286,747		4,999,075	

The County's net increase in debt of \$9,287,672 during the fiscal year was primarily due to issued general obligation bonds for the new jail.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of debt that a county may have to three percent of its total market value, excluding revenue bonds. At the end of 2017, overall debt of the County is below the three percent debt limit.

Becker County's bond rating is "AA" from Standard and Poor's.

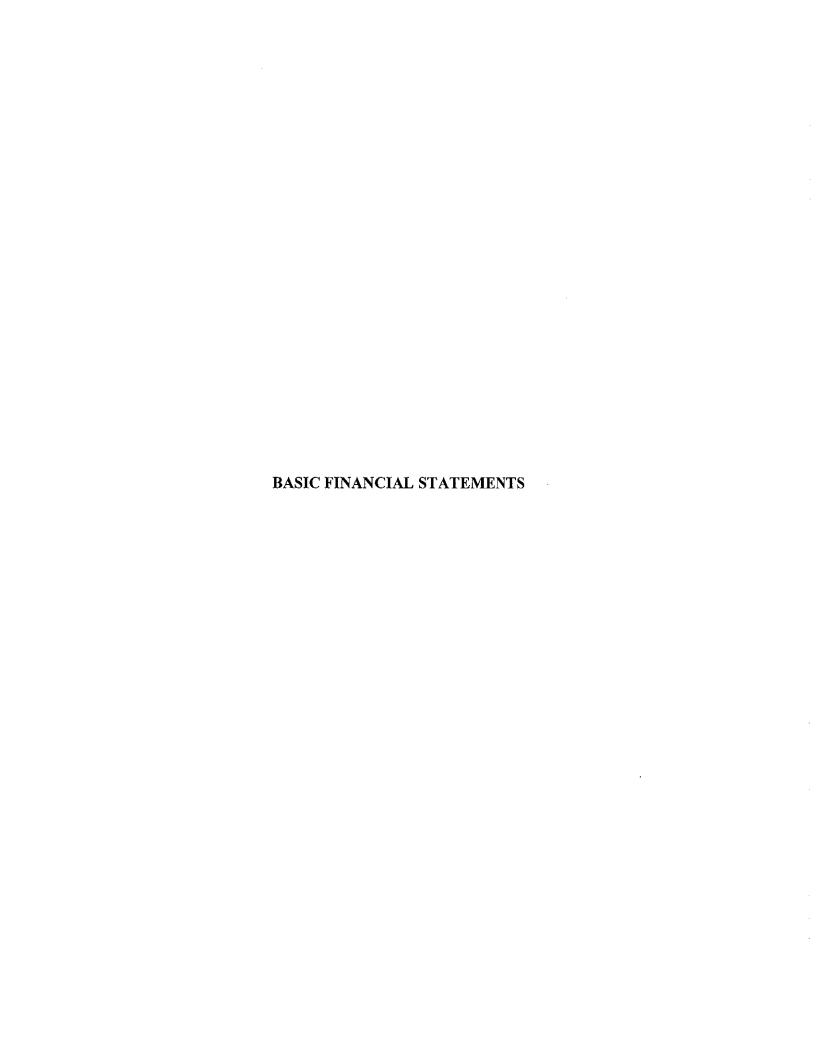
Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

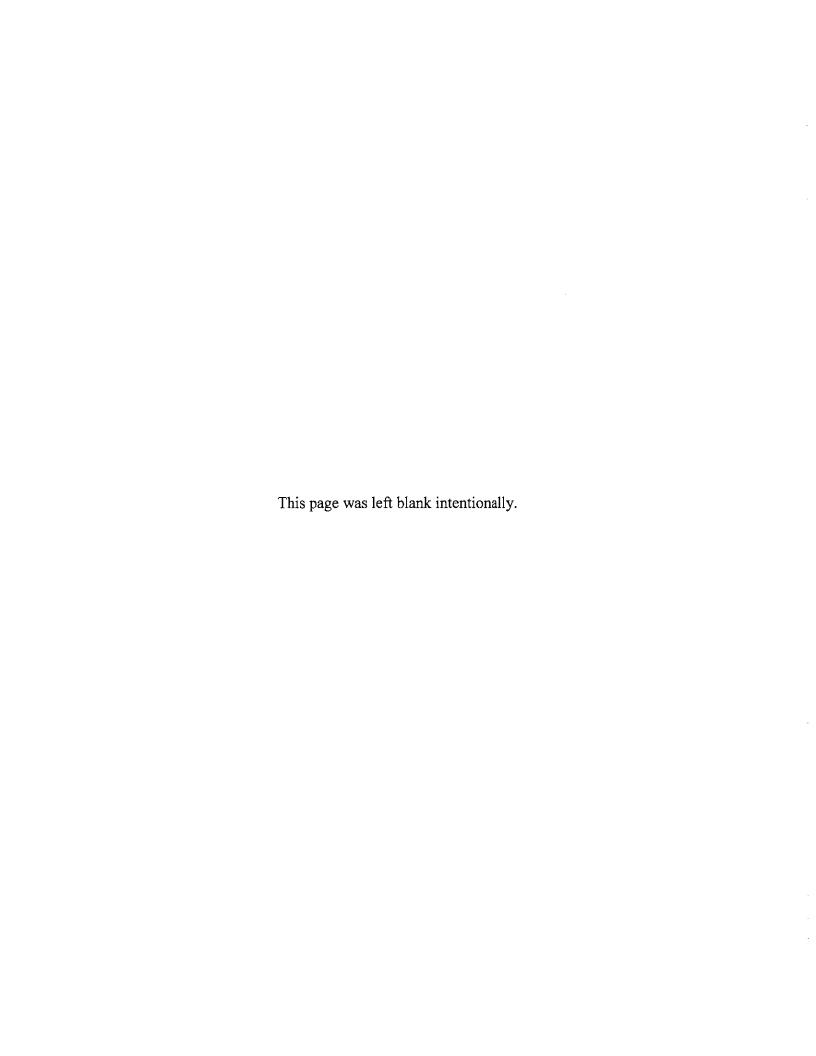
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- The County depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of Minnesota. Because of this dependency, the County is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.
- The unemployment rate for Becker County was 4.9 percent as of December 31, 2017. This is higher than the statewide rate of 3.4 percent and higher than the national average rate of 3.9 percent.
- Becker County's 2017 population estimation was 34,103, an increase of 1,599 since the 2010 census of 32,504.
- On December 19, 2017, Becker County set its 2018 revenue and expenditure budgets.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Becker County for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Becker County Auditor-Treasurer's Office, 915 Lake Avenue, Detroit Lakes, Minnesota 56501.





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

				Discretely Presented			
	— <u>G</u>	overnmental	ry Governmentsiness-Type	 		Component	
		Activities	Activities	 Total		Unit	
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	38,688,930	\$ 866,553	\$ 39,555,483	\$	1,078,204	
Restricted cash		-	-	-		846,037	
Petty cash and change funds		9,100	-	9,100		-	
Taxes receivable							
Current		330,297	-	330,297		-	
Prior		149,005	-	149,005		5,794	
Special assessments receivable							
Current		27,934	-	27,934		•	
Prior		10,957	-	10,957		-	
Accounts receivable		1,207,248	226,028	1,433,276		92,725	
Accrued interest receivable		39,100	-	39,100		-	
Loans receivable		•	-	-		50,131	
Property held for resale		-	-	-		55,556	
Internal balances		916,747	(916,747)	•		-	
Due from other governments		5,935,172	-	5,935,172		31,784	
Loans receivable - noncurrent		-	-	-		814,496	
Inventories		540,332	-	540,332		-	
Prepaid items		-	29,134	29,134		9,026	
Restricted assets							
Donor restricted assets		-	6,087	6,087		-	
Resident trust funds		-	6,679	6,679			
Capital assets							
Non-depreciable		12,882,094	118,625	13,000,719		357,532	
Depreciable - net of accumulated							
depreciation		70,736,887	 1,286,493	 72,023,380		3,247,811	
Total Assets	\$	131,473,803	\$ 1,622,852	\$ 133,096,655	\$	6,589,096	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>							
Deferred pension outflows	\$	7,536,481	\$ 364,168	\$ 7,900,649	\$		

EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

			Prima	ry Governmen	t		Discretely Presented
	G	overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities		Total	Component Unit
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	788,633	\$	80,967	\$	869,600	\$ 1,956
Salaries payable		762,367		73,716		836,083	-
Compensated absences		-		96,230		96,230	-
Contracts payable		3,107,451		•		3,107,451	-
Due to other governments		686,991		-		686,991	-
Other liabilities		-		_		•	24,512
Accrued interest payable		172,752		2,292		175,044	´-
Unearned revenue		´-		38,095		38,095	-
Security deposits				•		•	21,301
Prepaid rent				-			2,827
Customer deposits		_		6,679		6,679	2,02.
Long-term liabilities				0,075		0,075	
Due within one year		2,141,109		8,000		2,149,109	_
Due in more than one year		13,599,742		32,000		13,631,742	2,417,300
Other postemployment benefits		942,556		32,000		942,556	2,117,500
Net pension liability		16,413,848		1,359,778		17,773,626	_
iver pension naturity		10,415,646		1,337,776		17,773,020	
Total Liabilities	\$	38,615,449	<u>\$</u>	1,697,757	<u>\$</u>	40,313,206	\$ 2,467,896
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred pension inflows	\$	6,600,463	\$	259,026	\$	6,859,489	\$
Net Position							
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	70,288,981	\$	448,371	\$	70,737,352	\$ 1,188,043
Restricted for							
General government		964,147		-		964,147	-
Public safety		9,711		-		9,711	-
Highways and streets		3,357,588		-		3,357,588	-
Capital projects		-		6,087		6,087	-
Conservation of natural resources		1,397,108		-		1,397,108	-
Debt service		654,670		-		654,670	-
Housing		-		-		-	1,663,588
Held in trust for other purposes		848		-		848	-
Unrestricted		17,121,319		(424,221)		16,697,098	 1,269,569
Total Net Position	\$	93,794,372	\$	30,237	\$	93,824,609	\$ 4,121,200

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

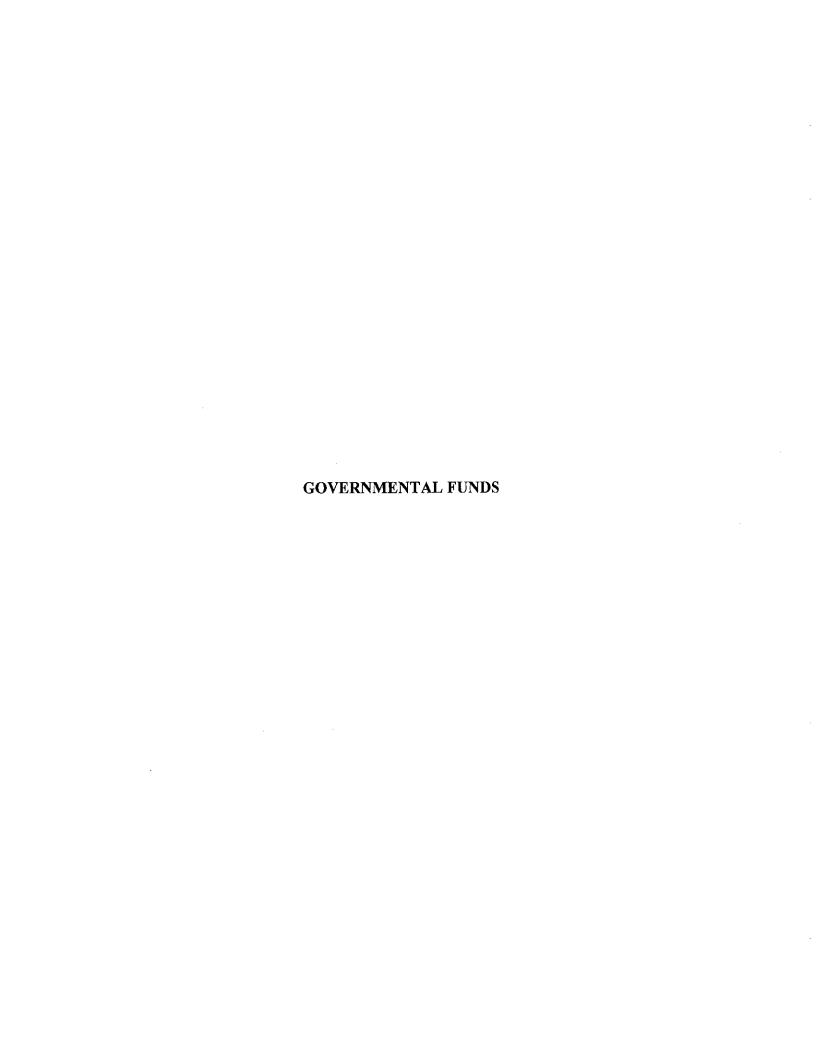
				Program Revenues				
		Expenses		Fees Charges, Fines, and Other		Operating Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	6,065,781	\$	1,419,878	\$	349,793		
Public safety		8,770,604		339,456		922,448		
Public transportation		725,757		233,755		365,110		
Highways and streets		9,607,568		1,496,404		15,904,117		
Sanitation		4,198,728		3,694,183		195,487		
Human services		14,662,365		621,488		7,546,643		
Health		1,828,388		440,355		1,387,631		
Culture and recreation		668,028		147,281		144,327		
Conservation of natural resources		1,685,381		951,866		418,100		
Interest	.	231,467						
Total governmental activities	\$	48,444,067	\$	9,344,666	\$	27,233,656		
Business-type activities								
Sunnyside Care Center		3,143,073		2,961,590		41,191		
Total Primary Government	\$	51,587,140	<u>\$</u>	12,306,256	\$	27,274,847		
Component unit								
Economic Development Authority	<u>\$</u>	929,797	<u>\$</u>	331,140	\$	429,158		
	Prop Grav Mor Taxo Grai pro Payi Inve	ral Revenues perty taxes yel taxes tgage registry and o es - local sales tax ets and contribution grams ments in lieu of tax stment earnings cellaneous tal general revenu	s not restr	icted to specific				

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

	Capital				ense) Revenue an y Government		·	Γ	iscretely	
	ants and	G	overnmental	Bus	siness-Type			Presented		
	tributions		Activities		Activities		Component Un			
3	- - 79,164 457,617	\$	(4,296,110) (7,508,700) (126,892) 7,872,117 148,559 (6,494,234) (402)	\$		\$	(4,296,110) (7,508,700) (126,892) 7,872,117 148,559 (6,494,234) (402)			
·	- -		(376,420) (315,415) (231,467)		- - -		(376,420) (315,415) (231,467)			
S	536,781	\$	(11,328,964)	\$	-	\$	(11,328,964)			
	704		-		(139,588)		(139,588)			
8	537,485	<u>\$</u>	(11,328,964)	\$	(139,588)	\$	(11,468,552)			
<u> </u>	34,417							\$	(135,082	
		\$	19,800,840 163,242 43,385 2,367,984	\$	- - -	\$	19,800,840 163,242 43,385 2,367,984	\$	115,759 - - - -	
			1,484,696 451,462 336,284 119,255		4,316	<u></u>	1,489,012 451,462 336,284 119,255		1,823 - 5,708	
		\$	24,767,148	\$	4,316	\$	24,771,464	\$	123,290	
		\$	13,438,184	\$	(135,272)	\$	13,302,912	\$	(11,792	
		\$	80,356,188	\$	165,509	\$	80,521,697	\$	4,132,992	
		\$	93,794,372	\$	30,237	\$	93,824,609	<u>\$</u>	4,121,20	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

		General	Public Safety		Road and Bridge	
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	7,283,385	\$	9,399,287	\$	13,527,869
Petty cash and change funds		7,550		200		300
Undistributed cash in agency						
funds (taxes and other)		2,810		-		_
Taxes receivable						
Current		52,294		120,558		41,840
Prior		23,914		50,945		20,970
Special assessments receivable						
Current		•		-		-
Prior Prior		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		80,975		7,681		2,696
Accrued interest receivable		39,100		•		-
Due from other funds		57,530		578		36,882
Due from other governments		149,937		119,881		4,198,084
Advance to other funds		916,746				-
Inventories				•		540,332
Total Assets	<u>s</u>	8,614,241	<u>s</u>	9,699,130	\$	18,368,973
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	62,932	\$	102,366	S	123,608
Salaries payable	•	157,902	•	207,226	•	88,573
Contracts payable				2,868,652		238,799
Due to other funds		4,562		5,998		52
Due to other governments		47,689		171,529		4,642
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	273,085	<u>\$</u>	3,355,771	<u>s</u>	455,674
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenues	\$	76,208	\$	171,503	<u>s</u>	3,420,398

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	Human Services	Environmental Affairs		G-	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	4,347,057 200	\$	1,246,519 850	\$	2,882,003	\$	38,686,120 9,100	
	-		-		-		2,810	
	106,079				9,526		330,297	
	48,778		-		4,398		149,005	
	-		27,934		-		27,934	
	-		10,957		-		10,957	
	815,848		239,011		61,037		1,207,248	
	-		-		-		39,100	
	-		1,612		-		96,602	
	1,346,356		91,988		28,926		5,935,172	
	•		-		~		916,746	
					**		540,332	
\$	6,664,318	\$	1,618,871	\$	2,985,890	\$	47,951,423	
\$	426,528 271,854	\$	42,984 29,753	\$	30,215 7,059	s	788,633 762,367	
	271,054		27,755		-,037		3,107,451	
	56,174		5,353		24,463		96,602	
	121,366		4,269		337,496		686,991	
	121,0 10			-				
\$	875,922	<u>\$</u>	82,359	\$	399,233	<u>s</u>	5,442,044	
s	892,111	S	38,891	s	13,924	s	4,613,035	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

		General		Public Safety		Road and Bridge	
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u> (continued)							
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable							
Inventories	\$	-	\$	-	\$	540,332	
Advances to other funds		916,746				· -	
Restricted		,					
Debt service		-		_		_	
Law library		37,693		4		_	
Recorder's technology equipment		609,277		-		_	
Enhancements		317,177		-		_	
E-911		_		9,711		_	
Gravel pit closure		_		-		_	
Conservation of natural resources		_		-		_	
Missing heirs		848		-		_	
Committed							
Capital improvements		-		3,592,751		10,000,000	
Attorney contingencies		25,366				, . -	
Assigned		•					
Environmental affairs		-				-	
Public safety		-		2,569,394		-	
Highways and streets		-		•		3,952,569	
Human services		-				•	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	
Unassigned		6,357,841		-		-	
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	8,264,948	\$	6,171,856	<u>s</u>	14,492,901	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	8,614,241	\$	9,699,130	5	18,368,973	

Human Services		En	Environmental Affairs		Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	540,332	
	-		-		-		916,746	
	-		-		654,670		654,670	
			_		-		37,693	
	-		-		_		609,277	
	-		_		-		317,177	
	-		-		_		9,711	
			-		393,374		393,374	
	-				1,003,734		1,003,734	
	-		-		-		848	
	_		1,150,000		_		14,742,751	
	-		-		-		25,366	
	-		347,621		-		347,621	
	-		-		•		2,569,394	
	4 007 205		-		•		3,952,569	
	4,896,285		-		- 		4,896,285	
	-		-		520,955		520,955	
						-	6,357,841	
<u>s</u>	4,896,285	<u>s</u>	1,497,621	<u>\$</u>	2,572,733	<u>s</u>	37,896,344	
\$	6,664,318	\$	1,618,871	s	2,985,890	s	47,951,423	

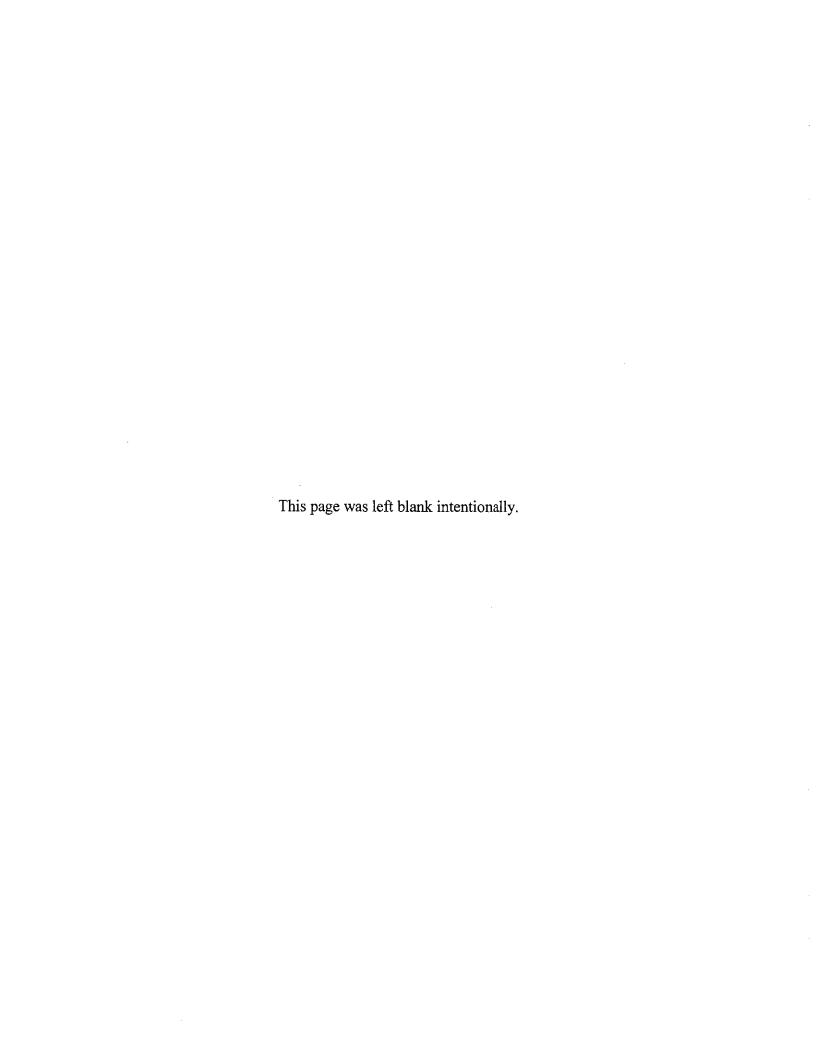


EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION-GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2017

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 37,896,344
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		83,618,981
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		7,536,481
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the governmental funds.		4,613,035
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
General obligation bonds	\$ (13,330,000)	
Other postemployment benefits	(942,556)	
Accrued interest payable	(172,752)	
Compensated absences	(2,410,850)	
Net pension liability	 (16,413,848)	(33,270,006)
Deferred inflows resulting from pension obligations are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		 (6,600,463)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 93,794,372

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		General		Public Safety		Road and Bridge
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	3,306,661	\$	7,123,827	\$	4,952,833
Special assessments	•	-	•	-	•	-
Licenses and permits		331,311		41,050		23,825
Intergovernmental		2,651,238		1,000,692		15,738,840
Charges for services		1,256,652		148,162		374,054
Fines and forfeits		58,611		22,805		-
Gifts and contributions		330		2,300		_
Investment earnings		336,284		38,133		_
Miscellaneous		264,486		127,439		1,098,525
Total Revenues	\$	8,205,573	<u>\$</u>	8,504,408	<u>\$</u>	22,188,077
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	\$	5,396,569	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety	•	-	•	7,810,423	•	-
Public transportation		697,581				_
Highways and streets		-		_		12,056,598
Sanitation		-		-		,,
Human services		•		-		_
Health		12,836		-		
Culture and recreation		439,088		_		-
Conservation of natural resources		851,193		_		_
Intergovernmental		,				
Highways and streets		_		-		630,462
Capital outlay						,
Public safety		_		9,217,480		_
Debt service				-,,		
Principal		_		_		-
Interest		-		-		
Administrative (Fiscal) Charges		-				<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	7,397,267	\$	17,027,903	\$	12,687,060
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	808,306	\$	(8,523,495)	<u>\$</u>	9,501,017
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$	25,000	\$	2,500,000	\$	-
Transfers out	-	(2,500,000)		,	•	_
Proceeds from sale of bonds		•		9,670,000		•
Premium on bonds/notes issued		-		257,069		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(2,475,000)	\$	12,427,069	\$,

	Human Services		vironmental Affairs		Other overnmental Funds	Total		
\$	6,272,199	\$	-	\$	603,326	\$	22,258,846	
•	-		1,087,066		-		1,087,066	
	-		, , , <u>.</u>				396,186	
	9,031,654		653,104		233,633		29,309,161	
	1,074,966		2,256,111		6,740		5,116,685	
	•				-		81,416	
	37,836		-		1,810		42,276	
	-		-		-		374,417	
			349,303		954,235		2,793,988	
\$	16,416,655	<u>\$</u>	4,345,584	\$	1,799,744	\$	61,460,041	
\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	5,396,569	
•	_	•	-	•	_	•	7,810,423	
			-		-		697,581	
					-		12,056,598	
	-		4,896,734		_		4,896,734	
	14,367,798		-		-		14,367,798	
	1,775,324		_		-		1,788,160	
	-,,,,-,-		-		292,933		732,021	
	•		-		842,113		1,693,306	
	-		-				630,462	
	-		-		•		9,217,480	
	-		•		335,000		335,000	
	-		•		97,475		97,475	
					3,250		3,250	
\$	16,143,122	\$	4,896,734	\$	1,570,771	\$	59,722,857	
\$	273,533	\$	(551,150)	\$	228,973	\$	1,737,184	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	2,525,000	
	-		(25,000)		-		(2,525,000)	
	-		-		-		9,670,000	
			-	. ——	-		257,069	
\$	-	\$	(25,000)	\$	-	\$	9,927,069	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

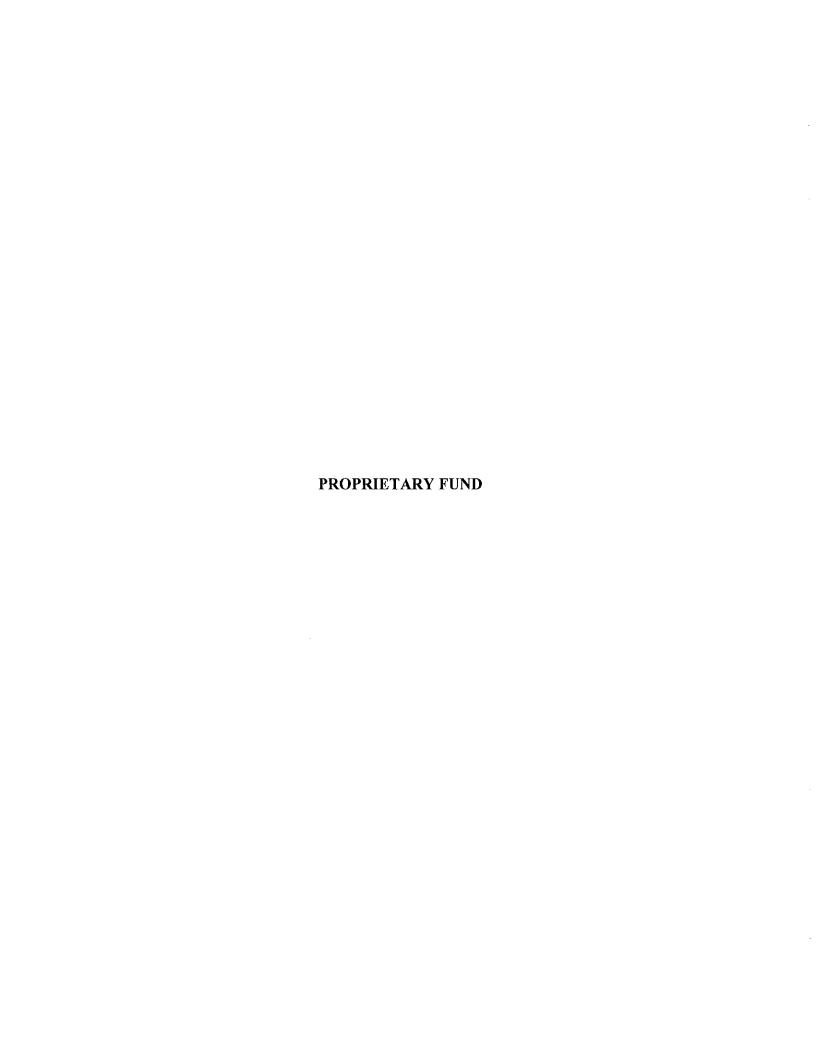
	General			Public Safety	Road and Bridge	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,666,694)	\$	3,903,574	\$	9,501,017
Fund Balance - January 1 Increase (decrease) in reserved for inventories		9,931,642		2,268,282		5,085,885 (94,001)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	8,264,948	\$	6,171,856	\$	14,492,901

Human Services		En	vironmental Affairs	G	Other overnmental Funds	Total		
\$	273,533	\$	(576,150)	\$	228,973	\$	11,664,253	
	4,622,752	<u> </u>	2,073,771		2,343,760	•	26,326,092 (94,001)	
\$	4,896,285	\$	1,497,621	\$	2,572,733	\$	37,896,344	

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)	\$ 11,664,253
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenue deferred as unavailable.	
Unavailable revenue - December 31 Unavailable revenue - January 1 \$ 4,613,035 (4,209,496)	403,539
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure \$ 18,089,883 Current year depreciation \$ (5,447,198)	12,642,685
Issuing long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, those amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of net position.	
Proceeds of new debt	
General obligation bonds issued \$ (9,670,000)	(9,670,000)
Principal repayments General obligation bonds \$ 335,000	335,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences (107,185) Change in other postemployment benefits (77,413) Change in net pension liability 7,728,049 Change in deferred outflows of resources (5,529,223) Change in deferred inflows of resources (3,726,778) Change in inventories (94,001)	(1,937,293)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	\$ 13,438,184



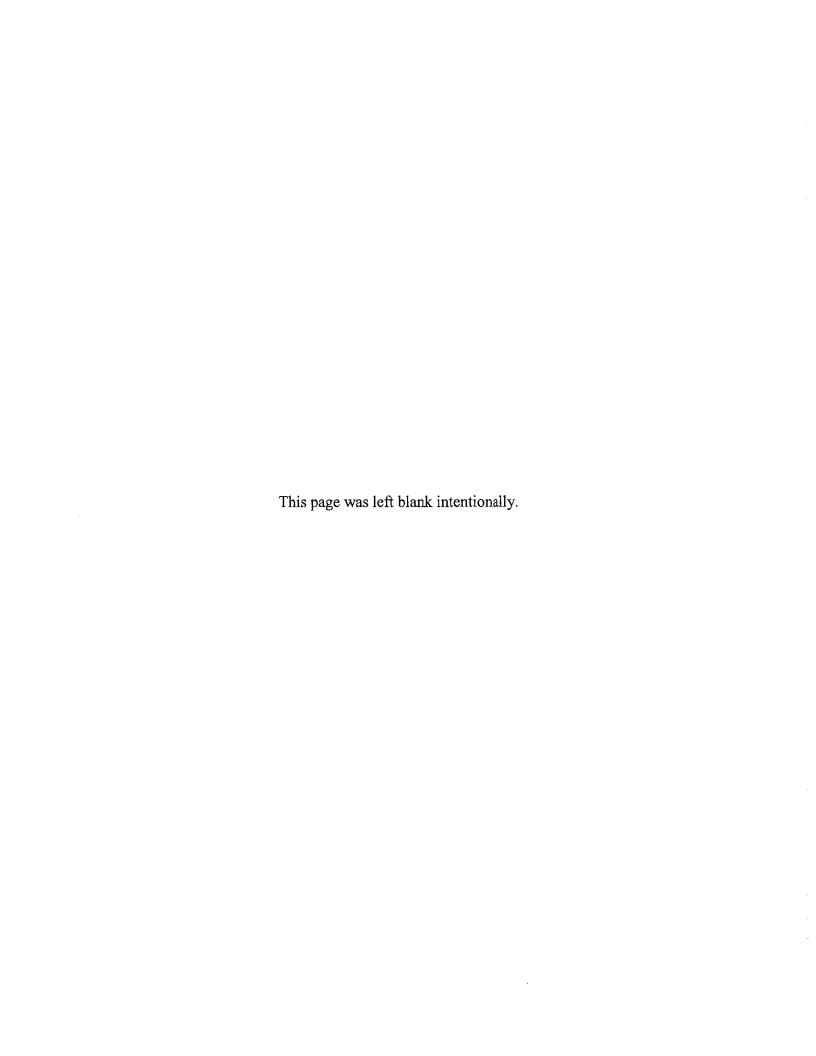


EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Assets

Current assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	866,553
Accounts receivable		226,028
Prepaid items		29,134
Total current assets	\$	1,121,715
Restricted assets		
Donor restricted assets	\$	6,087
Resident trust funds		6,679
Total restricted assets	<u>\$</u>	12,766
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets		
Nondepreciable	\$	118,625
Depreciable - net		1,286,493
Total noncurrent assets	\$	1,405,118
Total Assets	\$	2,539,599
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred pension outflows	<u>\$</u>	364,168

EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

<u>Liabilities</u>

Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	80,967
Salaries payable		73,716
Compensated absences payable		96,230
Advance from other funds		40,517
Accrued interest payable		2,292
Unearned revenue		38,095
General obligation revenue notes payable - current		8,000
Total current liabilities	<u>\$</u>	339,817
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets		
Resident trust funds payable	<u>\$</u>	6,679
Noncurrent liabilities		
Advance from other funds	\$	876,230
General obligation revenue notes payable		32,000
Net pension liability		1,359,778
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$</u>	2,268,008
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	2,614,504
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred pension inflows	\$	259,026
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	448,371
Restricted for capital acquisitions		6,087
Unrestricted		(424,221)
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	30,237_

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 2,896,216
Grant revenue	41,191
Other operating revenue	65,374
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 3,002,781
Operating Expenses	
Employee benefits	\$ 640,996
Ancillary services	127,836
Nursing	1,140,956
Social services and activities	62,507
Plant operations	182,384
Administrative	387,843
Medical care surcharge	95,710
Laundry and linen	55,271
Dietary	254,858
Housekeeping	55,949
Depreciation	110,666
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 3,114,976
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (112,195)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Non-capital grants and contributions	\$ 4,316
Interest expense	(28,097)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$ (23,781)</u>
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$ (135,976)
Capital grants and contributions	704
Change in Net Position	\$ (135,272)
Net Position - October 1	165,509
Net Position - September 30	<u>\$ 30,237</u>

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from residents	\$	3,013,134
Payments to suppliers		(773,770)
Payments to employees		(2,201,153)
Changes in pension related liabilities		91,199
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	129,410
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Non-capital grants and contributions	\$	4,316
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Capital contributions	\$	704
Principal paid on long-term debt		(48,329)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(28,195)
Purchases of capital assets		(36,970)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$	(112,790)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,936
Cash and Cash Equivalents at October 1		845,617
Cash and Cash Equivalents at September 30	<u>s</u>	866,553

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

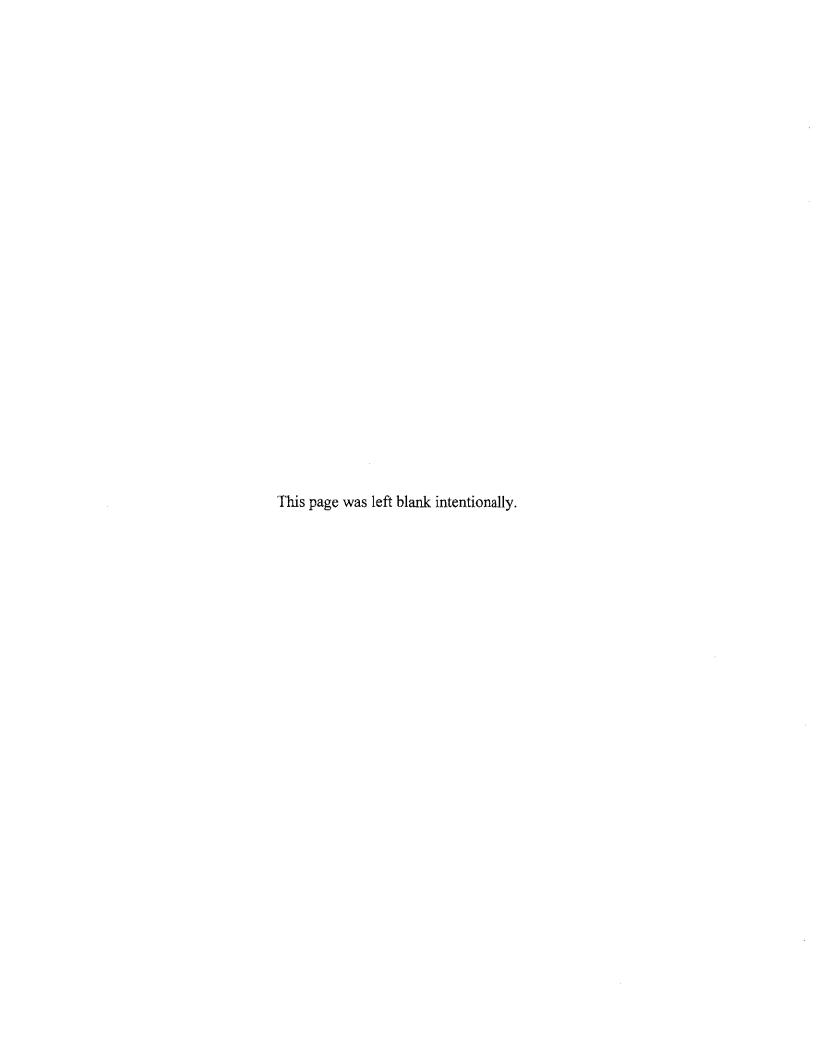
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	(112,195)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation expense	\$	110,666
Provision for bad debts		1,446
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(10,793)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		377,688
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(8,385)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		21,580
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		16,192
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		50,709
Increase (decrease) in pension liability		(337,198)
Increase (decrease) unearned revenue		19,700
Total adjustments	<u>\$</u>	241,605
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>s</u>	129,410



EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

Assets Cash and pooled investments \$ 2,249,827 Liabilities \$ 109,581 Due to other governments 810,069 Deferred credits 1,330,177 Total Liabilities \$ 2,249,827



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Becker County was established March 18, 1858, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Becker County (primary government) and its component unit for which the County is financially accountable. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

While part of the reporting entity, the discretely presented component unit is presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. The following component unit of Becker County is discretely presented:

Component Unit	Component Unit is Included in Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
The Becker County Economic Development Authority (EDA) provides services pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 469.090 to 469.1081 and Minn. Stat. 88 469.001 to 469.047.	County appoints members and the Economic Development Authority is a financial burden.	Becker County Auditor-Treasurer's Office 915 Lake Avenue Detroit Lakes, Minnesota 56501

Joint Ventures and Jointly-governed Organizations

The County participates in several joint ventures described in Note 6.B. The County also participates in the jointly-governed organizations described in Note 6.C.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities and different business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary-are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Public Safety Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for all funds to be used for public safety. Some of the activities covered under this fund include County Sheriff, County Jail, Sentence to Serve, Probation and Parole, County Coroner, Emergency Services, and Boat and Water Safety. Financing is provided by an annual property tax levy and special appropriations from the State of Minnesota.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways. Revenues include property taxes, intergovernmental assistance, and charges for services.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs. Revenues include property taxes, intergovernmental assistance, and charges for services.

The <u>Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of a solid waste transfer station. Revenues are provided by charges for services and a special assessment against property owners.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The <u>Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the Sunnyside Care Center, which operates a 34-bed licensed long-term health care facility in Lake Park, Minnesota, and is managed by Ecumen Services Inc. The Care Center is under an agreement through July 31, 2019, with monthly management fees of \$7,100. The Care Center's financial position and operations are presented as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The Debt service fund is used to account for and report the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, principal and interest on the long-term debt.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Becker County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Cash and cash equivalents, for the enterprise fund, include cash on hand and all restricted and unrestricted pooled investments.

2. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Auditor-Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2017. A market approach is used to value all investments other than external investment pools, which are measured at the net asset value. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2017 were \$374,417.

Becker County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which was created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The County's investment in the pool consists of two: a portion of which is measured at the amortized cost per share provided by the pool: the second portion of the County's investment is measured at a floating net asset value (NAV). More information including the most recent audited financial statement is available on their website www.magicfund.org.

The Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund had no investment income for the year ended September 30, 2017.

3. Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

Activities between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Except for the Care Center, no allowance for uncollectible receivables has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

The Care Center provides an allowance for doubtful accounts which is offset against the gross amount of receivables. The allowance for doubtful accounts is an estimate of collection losses that may be incurred in the collection of all receivables. The allowance is based upon historical experience, coupled with management's review of the current status of the existing receivables. Payment for services is required upon receipt of invoice or claim submitted. Accounts more than 30 days old are considered past due and individually analyzed for collectability. As of year-end, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts.

4. Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable consist of delinquent special assessments payable in the years 2012 through 2017 and noncurrent special assessments payable in 2018 and after. Unpaid special assessments at December 31 are classified in the financial statements as delinquent special assessments.

5. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

All inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories in proprietary funds and at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

6. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, right-of-way, construction in progress, infrastructure (roads, bridges, and similar items), buildings and improvements, land improvements, and machinery, furniture, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities capital assets have initial useful lives extending beyond two years and a dollar amount for capitalization per asset of \$25,000, except all land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, and infrastructure, which are capitalized regardless of cost. Business-type activities capital assets have initial useful lives extending beyond five years and a dollar amount for capitalization per asset of \$1,000. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (entry price) at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Infrastructure, buildings and improvements, land improvements, and machinery, furniture, and equipment of the governmental activities are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	25 - 50
Buildings and improvements	5 - 40
Land improvements	8 - 22
Machinery, furniture and equipment	4 - 12

All capital assets other than land and construction in progress of business-type activities are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line of method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	5 - 15
Buildings	13 - 35
Building improvements	5 - 19
Equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	5

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. During the current period, the County did not have any capitalized interest.

8. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds, proprietary funds, and government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

9. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds for up to the annual accrual of vacation and vested sick leave if matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The government-wide statement of net position reports both current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences. The

current portion consists of the earned balances of vacation and vested sick leave for all full-time employees during the year calculated at an overall average rate of pay. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund, Public Safety Special Revenue Fund, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, the Natural Resource Management Fund, the Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund, and the Human Services Special Revenue Fund. For the business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County has one item, deferred pension outflows, that qualifies for reporting in this category. These outflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of pension plan contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date, differences between expected an actual pension plan economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, pension plan changes in proportionate share, and also the differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of deferred inflows. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from delinquent taxes receivable, delinquent and noncurrent special assessments receivable and for amounts that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The unavailable revenue amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The County also has deferred pension inflows. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of differences between expected and actual pension plan economic experience and also pension plan changes in proportionate share and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Pension Plan

For the County's governmental activities, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. The Care Center has a September 30 fiscal year end. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms for both the governmental activities and business-type activities. Plan investments are reported at fair value. For the governmental activities, the net pension liability is liquidated through the General Fund, and other governmental funds that have personal services. For the business-type activities, the net pension liability is liquidated by the Sunny Side Care Center Enterprise Fund.

13. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - the portion of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - the portion of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - the portion of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted components.

14. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts in which constraints have been placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Board or the County Auditor-Treasurer who has been delegated that authority by Board resolution.

<u>Unassigned</u> - the residual classification for the General Fund includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

15. Minimum Fund Balance

The County will maintain an unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of an amount not less than 35 to 50 percent of next year's budgeted expenditures of the General Fund. Unrestricted fund balance can be "spent down" if there is an anticipated budget shortfall in excess of \$150,000. If spending unrestricted funds in designated circumstances has reduced unrestricted fund balance to a point below the minimum targeted level, as noted above, the County Administrator shall create a plan to restore fund balance to an appropriate level and provide this to the County Board for action. The plan for replenishment should not be longer than three years.

16. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following is a table of the individual funds with expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	<u>E</u>	xpenditures	F	inal Budget	Excess		
Public Safety	\$	17,027,903	\$	10,782,055	\$	6,245,848	
Special Revenue Funds							
County Ditch		3,853		-		3,853	
Parks and Recreation		292,933		269,537		23,396	
Natural Resource Management		612,319		420,000		192,319	

B. Land Management

The County manages approximately 74,317 acres of state-owned tax-forfeited land. This land generates revenues primarily from recreational land leases and land and timber sales. Land management costs, including forestry costs such as site preparation, seedlings, tree planting, and logging roads are accounted for as current operating expenditures. Revenues in excess of expenditures are distributed to the County and cities, towns, and school districts within the County according to state statute.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. Deposits and Investments

Reconciliation of the County's total cash and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Governmental Activities	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 38,688,930
Petty cash and change funds	9,100
Business-Type Activities	
Cash and pooled investments	866,553
Restricted cash	
Donor-restricted cash	6,087
Resident trust funds	6,679
Fiduciary assets funds	
Cash and pooled investments	 2,249,827
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 41,827,176

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with

insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the County's policy to obtain collateral or surety bond for all uninsured amounts on deposit, and obtain necessary documentation to show compliance with state law and a perfected security interest under federal law. As of December 31, 2017, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. Investments

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;

- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates or the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. It is the County's policy to allow brokers to hold County investments to the extent there is SIPC and excess SIPC coverage available. At December 31, 2017, the County's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. The County minimizes concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio.

The following table represents the County's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2017, and information relating to potential investment risks:

	Cree	dit Rísk	Concentration Risk	Interest Rate	Carrying
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Risk Maturity Date	(Fair) Value
U.S. government agency securities					
Federal National Mortgage Association	N/R	N/A	<5.0%	4/01/2021	\$ 2,212
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Moody's	<5.0%	12/14/2021	244,686
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	Moody's	<5.0%	10/28/2021	197,704
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	Moody's	<5.0%	6/29/2022	233,057
Total U.S. government agency securities					\$ 677,659
Local securities					
New Orleans LA General Obligation Bonds	A3	Moody's		09/01/2020	655,532
Lake Park-Audubon General Obligation Bonds	AA	Moody's		02/01/2026	528,940
Total local securities			9.58%		\$ 1,184,472
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/R		26.87%	Various	\$ 4,358,335
MAGIC Fund	N/R		N/A		\$ 16,870,455
Total investments					\$ 23,090,921
Deposits					18,753,472
Change funds					9,100
Restricted cash at Sunnyside Care Center Change in Enterprise Fund cash from September 30 to					12,766
December 31, 2017					(39,083)
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 41,827,176

N/R - Not Rated; N/A - Not Applicable

The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At December 31, 2017, the County had the following recurring fair value measurements.

				Fair V	alue M	easurements U	Jsing	
	D	ecember 31, 2017	in . Mar Ide A	ed Prices Active kets for entical ssets	C	ignificant Other observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unc	gnificant observable Inputs evel 3)
Investments by fair value level								
Debt securities								
U.S. Agencies	\$	677,659	\$	-	\$	677,659	\$	-
Municipal/Public Bonds		1,184,472		-		1,184,472		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit		4,358,335		-		4,358,335		
Total Investments included in the Fair value hierarchy	_\$_	6,220,466	\$	<u>-</u>		6,220,466	_\$	<u>-</u>
Investments at amortized cost								
MAGIC portfolio external investment pool	_\$_	10,870,455						
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)								
MAGIC Term	\$	6,000,000						
Total investments	_\$_	23,090,921						

Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The MAGIC Portfolio is valued using amortized cost. Shares of the MAGIC Portfolio are available to be redeemed upon proper notice without restrictions under normal operating conditions. There are no limits to the number of redemptions that can be made as long as the County has a sufficient number of shares to meet their redemption request. The MAGIC Fund's Board of Trustees can suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment if the Trustees determine that there is an emergency that makes the sale of a Portfolio's securities or determination of its net asset value not reasonably practical. The MAGIC term investment pool is valued at net asset value (NAV) as it does not meet the liquidity criteria to be valued at amortized cost. The County would face penalties if early redemptions were made from the term investment pool. There are no unfunded commitments relating to this investment. The County reports its investment in the term investment pool at the NAV per share, the fair value established by the pool.

2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2017, for the County's governmental activities and as of September 30, 2017, for the County's business-type activities, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	R	Total eceivables	Amounts Not Scheduled for Collection During the Subsequent Year			
Governmental Activities						
Taxes	\$	479,302	\$	-		
Special assessments		38,891		-		
Accounts		1,207,248		-		
Interest		39,100		-		
Due from other governments		5,935,172		-		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,699,713	\$	-		
Business-Type Activities						
Accounts	\$	226,028	\$	-		

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2017, and for the business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

		Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated								
Land	\$	1,632,847	\$	82,463	\$	-	\$	1,715,310
Right-of-way		922,828		87,206		-		1,010,034
Construction in progress		68,062		10,088,688				10,156,750
Total capital assets not depreciated	_\$_	2,623,737	\$	10,258,357	_\$	<u>-</u>	_\$	12,882,094
Capital assets depreciated								
Buildings and improvements	\$	22,484,937	\$	-	\$	•	\$	22,484,937
Land improvements		1,344,974		180,101		-		1,525,075
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		9,668,879		963,364		157,453		10,474,790
Infrastructure		105,788,172		6,609,966		<u> </u>		112,398,138
Total capital assets depreciated	_\$_	139,286,962	\$	7,753,431	\$	157,453	\$	146,882,940
Less: accumulated depreciation for	ø	10.022.111	•	(10.01(ø.		•	10.636.03#
Buildings and improvements	\$	10,023,111	\$	612,916	\$	-	\$	10,636,027
Land improvements		610,795		70,160		157 453		680,955
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		6,011,520		808,660		157,453		6,662,727

		Beginning Balance		Increase		ecrease		Ending Balance
Infrastructure	-	54,288,977		3,877,367		<u> </u>		58,166,344
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	70,934,403	_\$	5,369,103	\$	157,453	\$	76,146,053
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	68,352,559	_\$_	2,384,328	\$	-	\$	70,736,887
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	70,976,296	\$_	12,642,685	<u> </u>	-	_\$_	83,618,981

Construction in progress at December 31, 2017 consists of expenditures for a new jail and a recycling facility.

Business-Type Activities

	E	Beginning Balance	I	ncrease	De	crease		Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$	118,625	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	_\$	118,625
Capital assets depreciated Land improvements Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$	203,190 2,708,190 658,909 14,438	\$	1,890 24,455 10,625	\$	- - - -	\$	205,080 2,732,645 669,534 14,438
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	3,584,727	\$	36,970	\$		\$	3,621,697
Less: accumulated depreciation for Land improvements Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$	157,800 1,498,960 553,341 14,438	\$	4,900 81,491 24,275	\$	- - -	\$	162,700 1,580,451 577,615 14,438
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	2,224,538	\$	110,666	\$		_\$	2,335,204
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	1,360,189	\$	(73,696)	\$	-	\$	1,286,493
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,478,814	\$	(73,696)	\$		\$	1,405,118

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 570,669
Public safety	248,138
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	4,180,724
Human services	37,440
Sanitation	266,603
Public transportation	39,972
Culture and recreation	17,050

Governmental Activities Conservation of natural resources	 8,507
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	 5,369,103
Business-Type Activities Sunnyside Care Center	\$ 110.666

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Lmount
General Fund	Human Services Special Revenue Fund Gravel Tax Special Revenue Fund	\$	54,962 2,568
Total due to General Fund		\$	57,530
Public Safety Special Revenue Fund	Human Services Special Revenue Fund	\$	578
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Public Safety Special Revenue Fund Human Services Special Revenue Fund Resource Development Special Revenue Fund Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund Natural Resource Management Special Revenue Fund Gravel Tax Special Revenue Fund	\$	3,665 5,946 478 617 5,353 84 20,739
Total due to Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund		_\$	36,882
Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Public Safety Special Revenue Fund Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Human Services Special Revenue Fund Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Fund	\$	897 52 52 156 455
Total due to Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund		_\$	1,612
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$	96,602

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

2. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount		
0 18 1		.	016545		
General Fund	Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund	\$	916,747		

The Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund advance is a result of Becker County calling and redeeming the Care Center's Series 2004 General Obligation Nursing Home bonds with an outstanding balance of \$1,190,000 in February 2010. The County then advanced \$1,102,184 to the Care Center which bears interest of 3 percent and is to be paid back by March 2035 with semi-annual principal and interest payments.

3. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017, consisted of the following:

Transfer to General Fund from Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund Transfer to Public Safety Special Revenue Fund	\$ 25,000	To meet the short-term and long-term priorities of the Board. To meet long term priorities for new
from General Fund	 2,500,000	jail facilities.
Interfund transfer totals	\$ 2,525,000	

C. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

,	Governmental Activities		iness-Type ctivities
Accounts	\$ 788,633	\$	80,967
Salaries	762,367		73,716
Contracts	3,107,451		-
Due to other governments	686,991		-
Compensated absences	•		96,230
Customer deposits	•		6,679
Interest	 172,752		2,292
Total Payables	\$ 5,518,194	\$	259,884

2. Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of December 31, 2017.

	Sp	ent-to-Date	Remaining commitment
Governmental Activities Klien McCarthy Architects	\$	1,120,395	\$ 238,769
McGough Construction Co.		7,597,898	12,182,029

3. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

The payments on the General Obligation Bonds are being made from the Debt Service Fund.

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)	Original Issue Amount		outstanding Balance ecember 31, 2017
General obligation bonds						
-		\$195,000 -	2.00 -			
2012 Capital Improvement Bonds	2027	\$425,000	3.00	\$ 5,340,000	\$	3,660,000
		\$260,000 -	2.00 -			
2017 Jail Bonds	2037	\$620,000	3.00	9,670,000		9,670,000
					\$_	13,330,000

Business-Type Activities

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)	 Original Issue Amount	I	itstanding Balance tember 30, 2017
2004 G.O. Revenue Note	2022	\$7,000 - \$8,000	1.68	\$ 135,430	\$	40,000
Notes Payable*	2035	\$33,859	3.00	1,102,184		916,747
					\$	956,747

^{*}See Note 3.B.2., this note is payable to the General Fund and is reported on the government-wide statement of net position as internal balances.

4. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2017, for governmental activities and September 30, 2017, for business-type activities were as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending	ng General Obligation Bon							
December 31	<u>F</u>	Principal						
2018	\$	605,000	\$	465,005				
2019		730,000		336,863				
2020		760,000		314,737				
2021		780,000		291,788				
2022		800,000		268,237				
2023 - 2027		4,120,000		1,004,388				
2028 - 2032		2,605,000		582,775				
2033 - 2037		2,930,000		247,187				
Total	_\$	13,330,000	\$	3,510,980				

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending	Notes							
September 30	F	Principal						
2018	\$	48,517	\$	27,873				
2019		49,742		26,514				
2020		51,004		25,117				
2021		52,304		23,683				
2022		53,642		22,210				
2023 - 2027		249,758		88,832				
2028 - 2032		289,860		48,736				
2033 - 2035		161,920		7,358				
Total	\$	956,747	\$	270,323				

5. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, for governmental activities and September 30, 2017, for business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance				0 0		R	teductions		Ending Balance	 ue Within One Year
Bonds payable General obligation bonds	_\$_	3,995,000	\$	9,670,000	_\$_	335,000	_\$_	13,330,000	\$ 605,000		
Compensated absences		2,303,665		1,571,684		1,464,498		2,410,851	 1,536,109		
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	6,298,665	\$	11,241,684	<u>\$</u>	1,799,498	<u>\$</u>	15,740,851	\$ 2,141,109		

Business-Type Activities

	 Beginning Balance	Ac	lditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance		e Within ne Year _
General obligation revenue Notes Note payable*	\$ 48,000 956,075	\$	-	\$	8,000 39,328	\$ 40,000 916,747	\$	8,000 40,517
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 1,004,075	\$		_\$	47,328	\$ 956,747	_\$_	48,517

^{*}Reported in the government-wide statements as internal balance and in the Enterprise Fund statements as advance from other funds.

6. Unearned Revenues/Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenues consist of state and/or federal grants, taxes, special assessments, and state highway users tax allotments, and other receivables not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds reported no unearned revenue at December 31, 2017. Business-type activities reported unearned revenues of \$38,095 for rent paid in advance. Unavailable revenue at December 31, 2017 is summarized below by fund.

		Taxes	Special essments	Grants and Allotments	Other		Total
Major governmental funds	-				 	-	·
General	\$	76,208	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	76,208
Public Safety		171,503	•	•	-		171,503
Road and Bridge		62,810	-	3,357,588	-		3,420,398
Human Services		154,857		•	737,254		892,111
Environmental Affairs		•	38,891	-	-		38,891
Nonmajor governmental funds							
Parks and Recreation		2,624	-	-	-		2,624
Debt Service		11,300	 	 <u> </u>	 -		11,300
Total	\$	479,302	\$ 38,891	\$ 3,357,588	\$ 737,254	\$	4,613,035

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Becker County and the Sunnyside Care Center are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan, the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan, and the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan (the Public Employees Correctional Plan), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Retirement Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service. No County or Sunnyside Care Center employees belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund). For members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, benefits vest on a graduated schedule starting with 50 percent after 5 years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after 10 years. Benefits for members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after 10 years and increasing 5 percent for each year of service until fully vested after 20 years.

Local government employees of a county-administered facility who are responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional facility and its inmates are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Plan (accounted for in the Correctional Fund). For members hired after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a graduated schedule starting with 50 percent after 5 years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after 10 years.

2. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.0 percent post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio reaches 90 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5 percent. If, after reverting to a 2.5 percent benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than 80 percent for one year or less than 85 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to 1.0 percent.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Plan Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. For Public Employees Police and Fire Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For General Employees Retirement Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. For Public Employees Police and Fire Plan and Public Employees Correctional Plan members, normal retirement age is 55, and for members who were hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

3. Contributions

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. General Employees Retirement Plan Basic members, Coordinated members, and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members were required to contribute 9.10 percent, 6.50 percent, and 9.75 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2017. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 10.80 percent of their annual covered salary in 2017. Public Employees Correctional Plan members were required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary in 2017.

In 2017, the County was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

General Employees Retirement Plan	
Coordinated Plan members	7.50%
Public Employees Police and Fire Plan	16.20
Public Employees Correctional Plan	8.75

The employee and employer contribution rates did not change from the previous year.

The County contributions for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the Care Center's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2017, to the pension plans were:

General Employees Retirement Plan	\$	1,038,360
Public Employees Police and Fire Plan	•	268,296
Public Employees Correctional Plan		120.902

The contributions are equal to the contractually required contributions as set by state statute.

4. Pension Costs

General Employees Retirement Plan

At December 31, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$13,616,931 (governmental activities \$12,257,153 and business-type activities \$1,359,778) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was .2133 percent. It was .2068 percent measured as of June 30, 2016. The County recognized pension expense of \$1,768,466 (governmental activities \$1,580,466 and business-type activities \$188,000) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$4,946 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution to the General Employees Retirement Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$6 million to the General Employees Retirement Plan each year, starting September 15, 2015, through September 15, 2031.

County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,616,931
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County.	 171,227
Total	\$ 13,788,158

The County's reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of Resources	-	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual						
economic experience	\$	448,773	\$	861,410		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,196,051		1,365,098		
Difference between projected and actual						
investment earnings		48,749		_		
Changes in proportion		430,514		535,258		
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to		,		,		
the measurement date		530,874				
Total	\$	3,654,961	\$	2,761,766		

The \$530,874 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, \$25,772 will be recognized by Sunnyside Care Center as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2018 and \$505,102 will be recognized by the County as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Į	Pension Expense Amount		
2018	\$	335,701		
2019		750,919		
2020		(146,285)		
2021		(578,013)		

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

At December 31, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$2,133,188 for its proportionate share of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was .158 percent. It was .159 percent measured as of June 30, 2016. The County

recognized pension expense of \$522,389 for its proportionate share of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$14,220 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's onbehalf contribution to the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$9 million to the Police and Fire Plan each year, starting in fiscal year 2014, until the plan is 90 percent funded.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	49,102	\$	574,999	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,809,360		3,028,597	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		34,756		_	
Changes in proportion		-		46,418	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				•	
the measurement date		152,354		<u> </u>	
Total	\$	3,045,572	\$	3,650,014	

The \$152,354 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Pension Expense Amount
2018	\$ (85,625)
2018	(85,625)
2019	(164,813)
2020	(288,474)
2021	(132,259)

Public Employees Correctional Plan

At December 31, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$2,023,507 for its proportionate share of the Public Employees Correctional Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was .71 percent. It was .73 percent measured as of June 30, 2016. The County recognized pension expense of \$765,166 for its proportionate share of the Public Employees Correctional Plan's pension expense. The County reported its proportionate share of the Public Employees Correctional Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	О	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	1,392	\$	33,324	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,132,712		352,231	
Difference between projected and actual		,		·	
investment earnings		-		5,829	
Changes in proportion		-		56,325	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				,	
the measurement date		66,012			
Total	_\$	1,200,116	\$	447,709	

The \$66,012 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Pension Expense Amount
2018	\$ 444,750
2019	460,105
2020	(130,401)
2021	(88,059)

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the County for the year ended December 31, 2017, was \$3,056,021.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

Inflation
Active member payroll growth
Investment rate of return

2.50 percent per year3.25 percent per year7.50 percent

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. For the General Employees Retirement Plan and the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan, cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.0 percent through 2044 and 2064, respectively, and 2.5 percent thereafter. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 2.5 percent for the Public Employees Correctional Plan.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in the General Employees Retirement Plan was dated June 30, 2015. The experience study for the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan was dated August 30, 2016. The experience study for the Public Employees Correctional Plan was dated February 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.5 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	sset Class Target Allocation		
Domestic stocks	39%	5.10%	
International stocks	19	5.30	
Bonds	20	.75	
Alternative assets	20	5.90	
Cash	2	-	

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent in 2017, which remained consistent with 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Retirement Plan and the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In the Public Employees Correctional Plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2061. Beginning in fiscal years ended June 30, 2062, when projected benefit payments exceed the Plan's projected fiduciary net position, benefit payments were discounted at the municipal bond rate of 3.56 percent based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating at the measurement date. An equivalent single discount rate of 5.96 percent for the Public Employees Correctional Plan was determined that produced approximately the same present value of the projected benefits when applied to all years of projected benefits as the present value of projected benefits using 7.50 percent applied to all years of projected benefits through the point of asset depletion and 3.56 percent thereafter.

7. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2017:

General Employees Retirement Plan

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members). The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21,000,000 in calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31,000,000 through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16,000,000 in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6,000,000 annually through calendar year 2031.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

- The assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- The assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2.0 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality table assumed for healthy retirees.

- The assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- The assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- The assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

Public Employees Correctional Plan

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale-2016).
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 35 percent for vested members and 1.0 percent for non-vested members.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.31 per annum to 5.96 percent per annum.

8. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.0 percentage point lower or 1.0 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Proportionate Share of the									
	Genera	eneral Employees		Public Employees Police and Fire Plan			Public Employees Correctional Plan			
	Retirement Plan		Plan							
	Discount Rate			Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability		Discount Rate		Net Pension Liability	
1% Decrease	6.50%	\$	21,120,873	6.50%	\$	4,017,415	4.96%	\$	3,334,487	
Current	7.50		13,616,931	7.50		2,133,188	5.96		2,023,507	
1% Increase	8.50		7,473,592	8.50		577,654	6.96		1,000,269	

9. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

B. Defined Contribution Plan

Six employees of Becker County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the state legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by County during the year ended December 31, 2017, were:

	E	mployee	Employer		
Contribution amount	\$	8,804	\$	8,804	
Percentage of covered payroll		5%		5%	

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Becker County provides a single-employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical insurance benefits. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Becker County Board of Commissioners. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy. This post-employment benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis usually paying retiree benefits out of the General Fund. As of the January 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, there were approximately 235 participants in the plan, including four retirees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$	89,682 30,109 (42,378)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	_\$	77,413
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB Obligation – Beginning of Year	\$	77,413 865,143
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	_ \$	942,556

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015, 2016, and 2017, as follows:

					Percentage				
Fiscal		Annual		Employer	Of Annual OPEB Cost		Net OPEB		
Year Ended	C	PEB Cost	Contribution		• •		Contributed	d Obligation	
December 31, 2015	\$	77,413	\$	•	0.0	\$	787,730		
December 31, 2016	Ψ	77,413	Ψ	-	0.0	Ψ	865,143		
December 31, 2017		77,413		-	0.0		942,556		

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$652,310, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$652,310. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$12,048,174, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 5.4 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of

plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit cost between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), which is Becker County's implicit rate of return on the General Fund. The annual health care cost trend is 7.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent over 10 years. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2017, was 20 years.

5. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2017 and 2018. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

6. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various judgments, claims, and litigation. The County Attorney identified no potential claims against the County that would materially affect the financial statements.

B. Joint Ventures

Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority

The Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board was established in 2010, under the authority conferred upon the member parties by Minn. Stat. § 471.59 and chs. 115A and 400, and includes the Counties of Becker, Clay, Otter Tail, Todd, and Wadena. The original Joint Powers Agreement was amended effective October 21, 2014, to include Clay County.

The purpose of the Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board is to jointly exercise powers common to each participating party dealing with the ownership and operation of the Perham Resource Recovery Facility, as well as cooperation with efforts in other solid waste management activities that affect the operations of the Perham Resource Recovery Facility. The Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board is composed of one Commissioner each from Becker, Todd, and Wadena Counties and two members from Otter Tail County. Each party may appoint alternate Board members and shall represent one vote on the Board.

In the event of dissolution of the Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board, all assets and liabilities of the Board shall be distributed and/or retired based on the contracted debt obligation of each of the parties of the agreement providing such entity is a party to the agreement at the time of the discharge of assets and liabilities.

Financial information can be obtained from:

Otter Tail County Solid Waste 1115 Tower Road North Fergus Falls, Minnesota 56537

Partnership4Health Community Health Board

Partnership4Health Community Health Board was originally established July 1, 2014, by a joint powers agreement among Becker, Clay, Otter Tail, and Wilkin Counties, pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 145A, and pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, for the purpose of transitioning grant contracts. The Community Health Board became operational as of January 1, 2015. The joint powers agreement remains in force until any single county provides a resolution of withdrawal, duly passed by its governing board, to the County Boards and the auditor of the other counties participating in the agreement, and the Commissioner of Health for the State of Minnesota, at least one year before the beginning of the calendar year in which it takes effect.

Partnership4Health Community Health Board's purpose is to engage in activities designed to protect and promote the health of the general population within a community health service area by emphasizing the prevention of disease, injury, disability, and preventable death through the promotion of effective coordination and use of community resources, and by extending health services into the community.

Control is vested in Partnership4Health's Board, which consists of five members comprised of four County Commissioners and one community member. Members of the Board serve an annual term, with no term limit.

The financial activities of Partnership4Health are accounted for in an agency fund by Clay County. The individuals who administer the activity of Partnership4Health are considered to be employees of Clay County Public Health. During 2017, Becker County did not contribute to Partnership4Health Community Health Board.

C. <u>Jointly-Governed Organizations</u>

Becker County, in conjunction with other governmental entities and various private organizations, has formed the jointly-governed organizations listed below:

Becker County Airport Commission

Becker County and the City of Detroit Lakes created the Becker County Airport Commission. The County and the City each appoint two members to the Commission. The County and the City alternately appoint the fifth Commission member for a three-year term. The Commission is reported as a special revenue fund in the financial statements of the City of Detroit Lakes. The County appropriated \$80,000 for airport operations in 2017.

Lake Agassiz Regional Library

The Lake Agassiz Regional Library was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 134.20 and 471.59, effective January 1, 1961, and includes Becker, Clay, Clearwater, Mahnomen, Norman, Polk, and Wilkin Counties. Control of the Library is vested in the Agassiz Regional Library Board, with 23 members with staggered terms made up of the following: one member appointed by each Board of County Commissioners who may be a member of the Board of Commissioners; one member appointed by each participating city; and one additional member appointed by each county and city for each 6,000 of population or major percentage (85 percent) thereof. In 2017, Becker County provided \$365,810 in the form of an appropriation.

Lakeland Mental Health Center

Lakeland Mental Health Center was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 317A as a 501-(c)3 nonprofit corporation on February 10, 1961, and includes Becker, Clay, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail, and Pope Counties. The purpose of Lakeland Mental Health Center is to promote healthy individuals, families, and communities by providing high quality accessible mental health services.

The management of Lakeland Mental Health Center is vested in a Board of Directors consisting of one Commissioner and one community-at-large representative from each member county, plus one human service director, or equivalent position, rotated between the member counties. Services are provided to the member counties through purchase of service agreements. A member county may lose its membership, by action of the Board of Directors, if it fails to have a signed contract with Lakeland Mental Health Center. Becker County paid \$392,754 in 2017 for services purchased through Lakeland Mental Health Center.

7. Becker County Economic Development Authority (EDA)

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Becker County Economic Development Authority's (EDA) financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the year ended December 31, 2017. In addition to those identified Note 1, the EDA has the following significant policies.

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The EDA was established May 27, 1997, having all of the powers and duties of an economic development authority under Minn. Stat. §§ 469.090 to 469.1081. The Housing Department was added May 1, 1999, and has all of the powers and duties of a housing and redevelopment authority under Minn. Stat. §§ 469.001 to 469.047. The EDA is governed by a seven-member Board appointed by the Becker County Board of Commissioners.

The EDA is a component unit of Becker County because Becker County is financially accountable for the EDA. The EDA's financial statements are discretely presented in the Becker County financial statements.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The EDA is reported in the County's government-wide financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The EDA has no employees; it purchases employee services from Becker County and contracts for services from Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation.

3. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

A. Property Held for Resale

Real property acquired for subsequent resale for redevelopment purposes and not as an investment program is recorded at the lesser of cost or net realizable value.

B. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the EDA as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value (entry price) at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current period, the EDA did not have any capitalized interest.

Property, plant, and equipment of the EDA is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years			
Buildings	40			
Building improvements	40			
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	3 - 7			

B. Detailed Notes on All Funds

1. Assets

A. Deposits and Investments

The EDA's total cash and investments are reported as follows:

Governmental activities Cash and pooled investments	\$ 418,150
Business-type activities	,
Cash and pooled investments	660,054
Restricted cash	 846,037
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,924,241

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the EDA's deposits may not be returned to it. The EDA does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2017, the EDA's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

B. Receivables

No allowance for uncollectable accounts has been made.

Contract for Deed (loans Receivable)

The following is a summary of contracts for deed receivable resulting from the sale of Minnesota Urban and Rural Homesteading (MURL) homes to individuals for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Balance - January 1, 2017 Payments	\$ 924,234 (59,607)
Balance - December 31, 2017	\$ 864,627
Less: current portion	 (50,131)
Long-Term Portion	\$ 814,496

Contract for Deed	Date	Interest Rate (%)	Due Date	Monthly Payment		Balance December 31	
Federal Home Funds							
MURL #02	October 1, 1999	-	October 1, 2029	\$	234	\$	34,201
MURL #03	March 1, 2001	-	March 1, 2021		463		54,598
MURL #10	May 1, 2003	-	May 1, 2028		489		58,293
MURL #14	December 1, 2005	-	December 1, 2035		300		63,511
MURL #06	February 1, 2007	-	February 1, 2032		281		105,214
MURL #08	May 1, 2010	-	May 1, 2026		573		50,625
MURL #15	November 1, 2009	•	November 1, 2029		636		102,027
MURL #11	October 1, 2013	-	October 1, 2034		425		65,563
MURL #07	May 27, 2016	-	July 1, 2021		648		77,507
MURL #12	September 1, 2013	-	October 1, 2021		257		75,294
Total Federal Home Funds						\$	686,833
State Non-Home Funds							
MURL #16	May 1, 2009		May 1, 2039	\$	322	\$	47,579
MURL #17	May 1, 2009	-	May 1, 2039		439		130,215
Total State Non-Home Funds						_\$	177,794
Total Contracts for Deed						\$	864,627

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance			
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land	_\$	357,352	_\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	357,532
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Equipment	\$	5,018,725 162,988	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,018,725 162,988
Total capital assets being depreciated	_\$	5,181,713	\$	<u>-</u>	_\$		\$	5,181,713_
Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings Equipment	\$	1,646,536 159,208	\$	127,858 300	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,774,394 159,508
Total accumulated depreciation	_\$	1,805,744	_\$	128,158	\$	•	_\$	1,933,902
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	_\$	3,375,969	. \$	(128,158)	_\$	•	\$	3,247,811
Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,733,501	\$	(128,158)	\$		_\$	3,605,343

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the EDA as follows:

Housing \$ 128,158

3. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

A. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Accounts	\$	1,956
Other liabilities		24,512
Prepaid rent		2,827
Tenant security deposits		21,301
Total Payables	_ \$	50,596

B. Long-Term Debt

The EDA entered into an \$800,000 mortgage loan agreement with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency in 2004 for the modernization of rental units of low-income persons. The principal sum is due and payable on December 1, 2032. However, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency has passed a resolution that the maturity date of the loan shall be co-terminus with the Annual Contribution Contract (ACC), with payments deferred until maturity, and with annual renewals thereafter for so long as the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development allows renewals of the ACC.

The EDA entered into a loan with the Greater Minnesota Housing Fund of \$217,300 on December 20, 2007, to start construction for a 12-unit supportive housing project. This loan is payable in full on December 20, 2037.

In 2008, the EDA received a deferred loan of \$1,400,000 from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (Publicly Owned Housing Program), which will be forgiven in 20 years if the EDA is in compliance with all covenants. This loan will remain a liability until January 1, 2028, at which time it will be recorded as revenue or repaid.

The following is a schedule of long-term debt for at December 31, 2017.

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amount					utstanding Balance cember 31, 2017
MHFA mortgage loan Greater Minnesota Housing	N/A	N/A	0.00	\$	800,000	\$	800,000
Fund	2037	N/A	0.00		217,300		217,300
Minnesota Housing Finance	2038	N/A	0.00		1,400,000		1,400,000
Total Long-Term Debt						\$_	2,417,300

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Add	ditions	Red	uctions	Ending Balance		Within e Year
MHFA mortgage loan Greater Minnesota Housing	\$ 800,000	\$	•	\$	-	\$ 800,000	\$	-
Fund	217,300		-		-	217,300		-
Minnesota Housing Finance	 1,400,000				-	 1,400,000		
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 2,417,300	\$	-	\$	•	 2,417,300	_\$	

D. Unearned Revenue/Deferred Inflows of Resources

Unearned revenue consists of rent payments received in December for January. Deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue consists of taxes and other receivables not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period.

	 Taxes		Other		Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
General Fund	\$ 3,468	\$	31,784	\$	35,252

C. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

1. Risk Management

The EDA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or natural disasters. The EDA is covered under Becker County's membership in the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust and through the purchase of commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

2. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the EDA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

3. Liens Receivable

Community Development Block Grant programs provided funds for economic development and rehabilitation of residences of qualifying low-income individuals. Provisions of the rehabilitation contracts resulted in loans to the homeowners secured by liens against the property. Those not requiring repayment until the property is sold or the owner dies are not recorded in the financial statements.

4. Minnesota Housing Trust Fund Loans

The EDA received loans from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency Housing Trust Fund Program, the proceeds of which are for rental units for low-income persons. After ten years, these loans are forgiven by the state at a rate of five percent annually. The loans are for 30 years at zero percent interest. A summary of these loans which are not shown on the balance sheet are as follows:

Loan dated July 1, 1992, with a final maturity of July 1, 2022	\$ 3,902	
Loan dated December 30, 1994, with a final maturity of December 30, 2024	21,404	
Loan dated May 29, 2003, with a final maturity of May 29, 2033	 23,196	
Total	\$ 48,502	
	•	

5. Minnesota Housing Revolving Fund Programs

The EDA received grants from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) to be used to construct homes for low-income residents of Becker County. When the houses are sold, the grant amounts become revolving funds to build additional housing. The EDA chose to discontinue these programs, and the revolving funds were returned to the MHFA. The amounts received and balances on hand at December 31, 2017, are as follows:

		Original Grant		evolving and Cash		Contract for Deed Receivable		
Federal Home Minnesota Urban and Rural Homestead Loan State Home Minnesota Urban and	\$	1,810,100	\$	354,567	\$	686,833		
Rural Homesteading Loan		196,185		45,498		177,794		
Total	_\$_	2,006,285	_\$_	400,065	_\$	864,627		

6. Operating Leases

Lakes Homes and Program Development, Inc., entered into a five-year operating lease with the EDA for property the EDA owns (carrying value of \$107,609 and accumulated depreciation of \$44,771) to be used for the operation of Hidden Hills Group Home. According to the lease terms, the EDA began receiving monthly installments of \$500 beginning January 2015. The lease shall be renewed at an agreeable rental rate and agreeable term after December 2019. Either party may give a written notice of termination to the other at least six months prior to the end of the term.

Becker County entered into a thirty-six month operating lease with the EDA for property the EDA owns (carrying value of \$254,191 and accumulated depreciation of \$70,012) to be used for the Becker County Workshop. According to the lease terms, the EDA began receiving monthly installments of \$1,440 beginning January 2016. The lease shall be reviewed annually. Becker County also entered into a five-year operating lease with the EDA for the front 1,050 square feet of the same property to be used for the Becker County Extension. According to the lease terms, the EDA began receiving monthly installments of \$310 beginning January 2013. The lease shall be reviewed in December 2018, and an agreeable rent amount established at that time. Both leases state that in the event that the cost for utilities increases and the lessor is paying more for utilities than the lease allows for, the lessee agrees to reimburse the lessor the amount needed to make up the difference. Either party may give a written notice of termination to the other at least six months prior to the end of the term.

7. Housing Program

The EDA has 74 units of Section 8 existing housing assistance payments (C-4101E). The EDA also has a contract with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to operate 25 dwelling units for lower-income housing (C-4161).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	<u>Budgeted</u>		l Amou	ints		Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	3,319,409	\$	3,319,409	\$	3,306,661	\$	(12,748)
Licenses and permits	•	294,320	•	294,320	•	331,311	Ψ	36,991
Intergovernmental		2,469,840		2,469,840		2,651,238		181,398
Charges for services		1,255,117		1,255,117		1,256,652		1,535
Fines and forfeits		39,500		39,500		58,611		19,111
Gifts and contributions						330		330
Investment earnings		205,000		205,000		336,284		131,284
Miscellaneous		159,377		159,377		264,486		105,109
				·	_		_	
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	7,742,563	<u>\$</u>	7,742,563	<u>\$</u>	8,205,573	\$	463,010
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Commissioners	\$	294,523	\$	294,523	\$	304,709	\$	(10,186)
Courts		55,000		55,000		49,404		5,596
County administrator		210,926		210,926		195,011		15,915
Auditor-Treasurer		704,360		704,360		683,598		20,762
License bureau		223,450		223,450		213,244		10,206
County assessor		517,176		517,176		464,347		52,829
Elections		78,702		78,702		39,866		38,836
Data processing		693,915		693,915		596,413		97,502
Personnel		241,663		241,663		169,258		72,405
Attorney		998,732		998,732		961,123		37,609
Contracted legal services		64,200		64,200		74,788		(10,588)
Law library		35,000		35,000		30,731		4,269
Recorder		539,717		539,717		488,789		50,928
Surveyor		9,600		9,600		10,800		(1,200)
Planning and zoning		388,879		388,879		338,754		50,125
Buildings and plant		604,568		604,568		596,444		8,124
Veterans service officer		190,754		190,754		186,323		4,431
Unallocated					-	(7,033)		7,033
Total general government	\$	5,851,165	\$	5,851,165	\$	5,396,569	\$	454,596

EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	l Amou			Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Expenditures									
Current (Continued)									
Public transportation									
Transit	\$	581,337	\$	581,337	\$	617,581	\$	(36,244)	
Airport		80,000		80,000		80,000			
Total public transportation	<u>\$</u>	661,337	\$	661,337	\$	697,581	<u>\$</u>	(36,244)	
Health									
Nursing service	\$	-	\$		<u>\$</u>	12,836	<u>\$</u>	(12,836)	
Culture and recreation									
Historical society	\$	67,500	\$	67,500	\$	67,500	\$	-	
Senior citizens		6,000		6,000		5,778		222	
Agassiz Regional Library		365,810		365,810		365,810			
Total culture and recreation	\$	439,310	<u>\$</u>	439,310	\$	439,088	\$	222	
Conservation of natural resources									
County extension	\$	157,907	\$	157,907	\$	157,682	\$	225	
Aquatic Invasive Species		349,327		349,327		359,572		(10,245)	
Soil and water conservation		269,018		269,018		269,018		-	
Agricultural society/county fair		15,000		15,000		15,000		-	
Water planning		24,177		24,177		24,359		(182)	
Wetland challenge		24,238		24,238		24,237		1	
Other conservation		1,325		1,325		1,325		-	
Total conservation of natural									
resources	\$	840,992	\$	840,992	\$	851,193	\$	(10,201)	

EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Total Expenditures	\$	7,792,804	<u>\$</u>	7,792,804	\$	7,397,267	\$	395,537
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(50,241)	\$	(50,241)	\$	808,306	\$	858,547
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-
Transfers out		(2,500,000)		(2,500,000)		(2,500,000)		<u>.</u>
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)	\$	(2,475,000)	\$	(2,475,000)	\$	(2,475,000)	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,525,241)	\$	(2,525,241)	\$	(1,666,694)	\$	858,547
Fund Balance - January 1		9,931,642		9,931,642		9,931,642		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	7,406,401	\$	7,406,401	\$	8,264,948	<u>\$</u>	858,547

EXHIBIT A-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC SAFETY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	7,172,451	\$	7,172,451	\$	7,123,827	\$	(48,624)
Licenses and permits		20,250		20,250		41,050		20,800
Intergovernmental		861,764		861,764		1,000,692		138,928
Charges for services		148,000		148,000		148,162		162
Fines and forfeits		6,000		6,000		22,805		16,805
Gifts and contributions		, <u>.</u>		´-		2,300		2,300
Investment earnings		•		-		38,133		38,133
Miscellaneous		102,500		102,500		127,439		24,939
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	8,310,965	<u>\$</u>	8,310,965	<u>\$</u>	8,504,408	<u>\$</u>	193,443
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety								
Sheriff	\$	3,985,470	\$	3,985,470	\$	4,051,825	\$	(66,355)
Boat and water safety		82,932		82,932		43,991		38,941
Emergency services		45,171		45,171		39,409		5,762
Coroner		96,919		96,919		67,845		29,074
Jail		3,638,755		3,638,755		3,296,560		342,195
Probation and parole		325,394		325,394		234,182		91,212
Sentence to serve		107,414		107,414		76,611		30,803
Capital outlay - New Jail		2,500,000		2,500,000		9,217,480		(6,717,480)
Total Expenditures	\$	10,782,055	<u>\$</u>	10,782,055	\$	17,027,903	<u>\$</u>	(6,245,848)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(2,471,090)	\$	(2,471,090)	\$	(8,523,495)	\$	(6,052,405)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				•				
Transfers in	\$	2,500,000	\$	2,500,000	\$	2,500,000	\$	-
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		-		9,670,000		9,670,000
Premium on bonds issued		<u>-</u>		-		257,069		257,069
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)	<u>\$</u>	2,500,000	\$	2,500,000	\$	12,427,069	\$	9,927,069
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	28,910	\$	28,910	\$	3,903,574	\$	3,874,664
Fund Balance - January 1		2,268,282		2,268,282		2,268,282		-
Fund Balance - December 31	<u>\$</u>	2,297,192	<u>\$</u>	2,297,192	\$	6,171,856	<u>\$</u>	3,874,664

EXHIBIT A-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgetee	i Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with		
	 Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 4,173,058	\$	4,173,058	\$	4,952,833	\$	779,775	
Licenses and permits	15,000		15,000		23,825		8,825	
Intergovernmental	10,590,260		10,590,260		15,738,840		5,148,580	
Charges for services	250,000		250,000		374,054		124,054	
Miscellaneous	 554,500		554,500		1,098,525		544,025	
Total Revenues	\$ 15,582,818	<u>\$</u>	15,582,818	\$	22,188,077	\$	6,605,259	
Expenditures								
Current								
Highways and streets								
Administration	\$ 396,596	\$	396,596	\$	394,624	\$	1,972	
Maintenance	2,965,663		2,965,663		3,268,733		(303,070)	
Construction	10,444,143		10,444,143		6,697,569		3,746,574	
Equipment maintenance and shops	1,674,240		1,674,240		1,593,352		80,888	
Other highways and streets	 102,176		102,176		102,320		(144)	
Total highways and streets	\$ 15,582,818	<u>\$</u>	15,582,818	<u>\$</u>	12,056,598	<u>\$</u>	3,526,220	
Intergovernmental								
Highways and streets	\$ 	\$		\$	630,462	<u>s</u>	(630,462)	
Total Expenditures	\$ 15,582,818	\$	15,582,818	\$	12,687,060	\$	2,895,758	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,501,017	\$	9,501,017	
Fund Balance - January 1 Increase (decrease) in reserve for	5,085,885		5,085,885		5,085,885		-	
inventories	 		-		(94,001)		(94,001)	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 5,085,885	\$	5,085,885	\$	14,492,901	\$	9,407,016	

EXHIBIT A-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with	
	 Original		Final	Amounts		Fi	inal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 6,313,809	\$	6,313,809	\$	6,272,199	\$	(41,610)
Intergovernmental	8,907,567		8,907,567		9,031,654		124,087
Charges for services	1,484,960		1,484,960		1,074,966		(409,994)
Gifts and contributions	 25,000		25,000		37,836		12,836
Total Revenues	\$ 16,731,336	\$	16,731,336	\$	16,416,655	<u>\$</u>	(314,681)
Expenditures							
Current							
Human services							
Income maintenance	\$ 3,727,937	\$	3,727,937	\$	3,326,140	\$	401,797
Social services	11,235,023		11,235,023		10,842,016		393,007
Collaborative	 				199,642		(199,642)
Total human services	\$ 14,962,960	\$	14,962,960	\$	14,367,798	\$	595,162
Health							
Nursing service	 1,868,376		1,868,376		1,775,324		93,052
Total Expenditures	\$ 16,831,336	<u>\$</u>	16,831,336	\$	16,143,122	\$	688,214
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (100,000)	\$	(100,000)	\$	273,533	\$	373,533
Fund Balance - January 1	 4,622,752		4,622,752		4,622,752		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 4,522,752	<u>s</u>	4,522,752	\$	4,896,285	\$	373,533

EXHIBIT A-5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts			unts		Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Special assessments	\$	1,079,000	\$	1,079,000	\$	1,087,066	\$	8,066
Intergovernmental		1,035,000		1,035,000		653,104		(381,896)
Charges for services		1,914,693		1,914,693		2,256,111		341,418
Miscellaneous		270,800		270,800		349,303		78,503
Total Revenues	\$	4,299,493	\$	4,299,493	<u>\$</u>	4,345,584	\$	46,091
Expenditures								
Current								
Sanitation								
Solid waste	\$	2,622,009	\$	2,622,009	\$	3,218,271	\$	(596,262)
Recycling		2,258,343		2,258,343		1,530,595		727,748
Hazardous waste		147,392		147,392		147,868		(476)
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	5,027,744	<u>\$</u>	5,027,744	<u>\$</u>	4,896,734	<u>\$</u>	131,010
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(728,251)	\$	(728,251)	\$	(551,150)	\$	177,101
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(25,000)		(25,000)		(25,000)		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(753,251)	\$	(753,251)	\$	(576,150)	\$	177,101
Fund Balance - January 1		2,073,771		2,073,771		2,073,771		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,320,520	\$	1,320,520	\$	1,497,621	\$	177,101

EXHIBIT A-6

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2008	\$		\$ 1,571,170	\$ 1,571,170	0.00%	\$ 10,744,917	14.62%
January 1, 2010		-	1,159,017	1,159,017	0.00	11,016,972	10.52
January 1, 2014		-	652,310	652,310	0.00	12,048,174	5.41

EXHIBIT A-7

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

						P	Employer's roportionate Share of the		Employer's	
Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	P	Employer's roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	SI No A	State's opertionate nare of the et Pension Liability associated ith Entity Name (b)	I	Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015 2016 2017	0.1996% 0.2068% 0.2133%	\$	11,251,249 16,791,134 13,616,931	\$	N/A 219,297 171,227	\$	11,251,249 17,010,431 13,788,158	\$ 13,013,679 13,001,518 13,741,547	86.46% 129.15 99.09	78.19% 68.91% 75.90%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A - Not Applicable

EXHIBIT A-8

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND DECEMBER 31, 2017

Year Ending	Statutorily Required ontributions (a)	in	Actual contributions a Relation to Statutorily Required contributions (b)	 ntribution Deficiency) Excess (b-a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$ 976,395	\$	955,719	\$ (20,676)	\$ 13,018,606	7.50%
2016	1,036,762		1,024,025	(12,737)	13,823,489	7.50%
2017	1,038,360		1,038,360	-	13,844,800	7.50%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

EXHIBIT A-9

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2017

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pi S	Employer's roportionate thare of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	 Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	0.160%	\$	1,817,974	\$ 1,464,703	124.12%	86.61%
2016	0.159%		6,380,947	1,530,512	416.92%	63.88%
2017	0.158%		2,133,188	1,619,229	131.74%	85.43%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT A-10

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2017

Year Ending	I	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in I Si I	Actual atributions Relation to tatutorily Required atributions (b)	(De	ntribution eficiency) Excess (b-a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$	241,450	\$	241,450	\$	_	\$ 1,490,433	16.20%
2016		265,680	•	265,680		-	1,640,001	16.20%
2017		268,296		268,296		-	1,656,151	16.20%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

EXHIBIT A-11

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CORRECTIONAL PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	P	Employer's roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	 Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroli (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	0.74%	\$	114,404	\$ 1,337,132	8.56%	96.95%
2016	0.73%		2,666,792	1,380,245	193.21%	58.16%
2017	0.71%		2,023,507	1,428,232	141.68%	67.89%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT A-12

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CORRECTIONAL PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in : S: I	Actual ntributions Relation to tatutorily Required ntributions (b)	(Def	ribution liciency) access (b-a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$	117,451	\$	117,451	\$	_	\$ 1,342,302	8.75%
2016		129,366		129,366		-	1,478,468	8.75%
2017		120,902		120,902		-	1,381,737	8.75%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before mid-August of each year, all departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations to the County Administrator so that a budget can be prepared. Before September 30, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The County's department head may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. During the year, the Board made no budgetary amendments.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following major fund departments had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2017.

,	Ex	oenditures	Fin	nal Budget	Excess	
General Fund						
General government						
Commissioners	\$	304,709	\$	294,523	\$	10,186
Contracted legal services		74,788		64,200		10,588
Surveyor		10,800		9,600		1,200
Public Transportation						
Transit		617,581		581,337		36,244
Health						ŕ
Equitable cost sharing - SSNH		12,836		-		12,836
Conservation of natural resources						•
Aquatic invasive species		359,572		349,327		10,245
Water planning		24,359		24,177		182

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget (Continued)

	E	ependitures	Final Budget		Excess	
Public Safety Special Revenue Fund						
Public Safety	\$	4.051.925	\$	3,985,470	\$	66,355
Sheriff	Þ	4,051,825	Þ	-,,	D.	
New jail construction		9,217,480		2,500,000		6,717,480
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund						
Highways and streets						
Maintenance		3,286,733		2,965,663		303,070
Other		102,320		102,176		144
Intergovernmental		•		·		
Highways and streets		630,462		-		630,462
Human Services Special Revenue Fund						
Human Services						
Collaborative		199,642		-		199,642
Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund						
Sanitation						
Solid Waste		3,218,271		2,622,009		596,262
Hazardous waste		147,868		147,392		476

3. Other Postemployment Benefits

Becker County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. See Note 4.C. to the financial statements for more information.

GASB Statement 45 requires a Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits for the three most recent valuations and accompanying notes to describe factors that significantly affect the trends in the amounts reported.

Currently, three actuarial valuations are available.

4. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30, 2017:

General Employees Retirement Plan

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members). The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21,000,000 in calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31,000,000 through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16,000,000 in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6,000,000 annually through calendar year 2031.

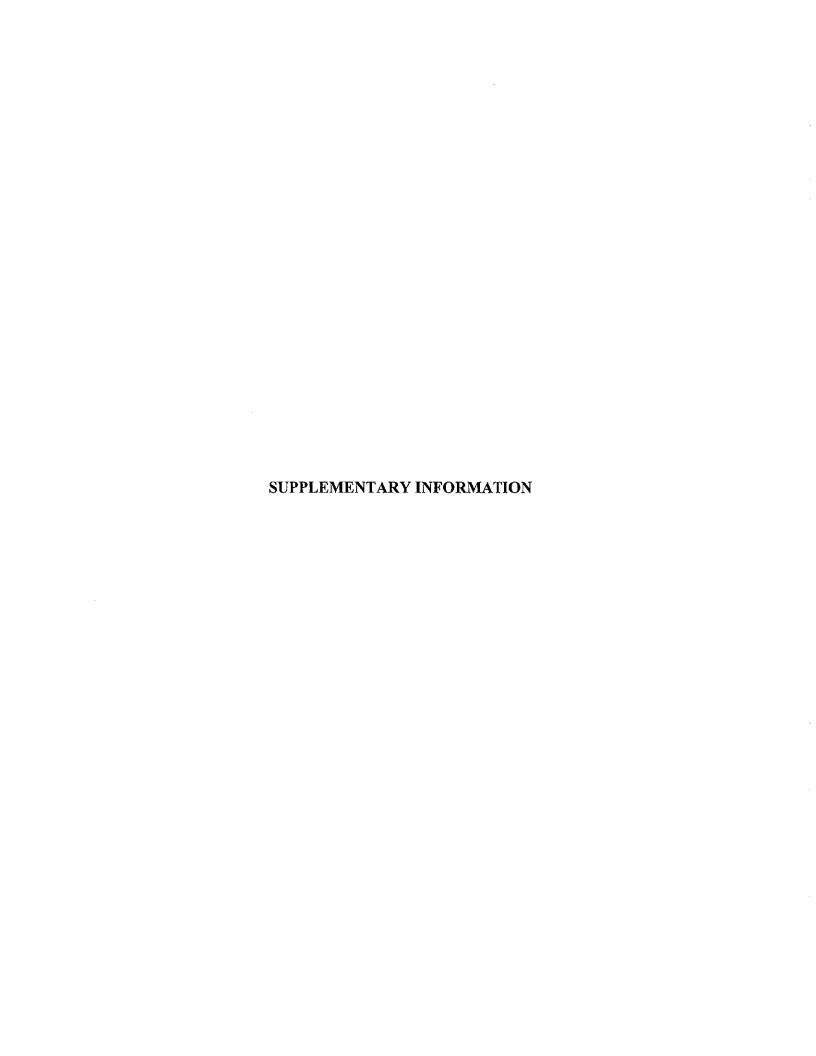
Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

- The assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- The assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA
 has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2.0 percent for non-vested
 members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality table assumed for healthy retirees.
- The assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- The assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.

- The assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

Public Employees Correctional Plan

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale-2016).
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 35 percent for vested members and 1.0 percent for non-vested members.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.31 per annum to 5.96 percent per annum.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Parks and Recreation</u> - to provide for and report maintenance of County-owned parks and public accesses for the snowmobile trails program and the ski trails program. It is funded in part by a tax levy and by grants from the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) assigned to culture and recreation.

<u>Resource Development</u> - to account for the receipt and expenditure of certain state grants restricted for conservation of natural resources. The DNR funds for tax-forfeited natural resources land are to be used for resource development, forest management, recreational development, and maintenance of County-administered, tax-forfeited lands. In addition, this fund receives a share of net receipts from forfeited tax sales.

<u>County Ditch</u> - to account for and report financing of the construction and repair of the ditch system restricted for conservation of natural resources.

<u>Natural Resource Management</u> - to account for and report the sale or lease of land and sales of timber and wood restricted for conservation of natural resources. The salary and expenditures of the County Land Commissioner and clerical wages are paid from this fund. The net balance in this fund is apportioned at the end of the year.

<u>Gravel Tax</u> - to account for and report restricted revenues from a ten-cent-per-cubic-yard production tax on gravel removed from pits in Becker County under the provisions of Minn. Stat. § 298.75.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

<u>Debt Service</u> - to account for and report the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, principal and interest on the long-term debt.

EXHIBIT B-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	(F	Special Revenue Exhibit B-3)		Debt Service	(Total (Exhibit 3)
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	2,227,333	\$	654,670	\$	2,882,003
Taxes receivable						
Current		1,880		7,646		9,526
Prior		744		3,654		4,398
Accounts receivable		61,037		-		61,037
Due from other governments		28,926				28,926
Total Assets	\$	2,319,920	<u>\$</u>	665,970	\$	2,985,890
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	30,215	\$	· -	\$	30,215
Salaries payable		7,059		-		7,059
Due to other funds		24,463		-		24,463
Due to other governments		337,496				337,496
Total Liabilities	\$	399,233	\$		\$	399,233
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenues	\$	2,624	\$	11,300	\$	13,924
Fund Balances						
Restricted						
Debt service	\$	-	\$	654,670	\$	654,670
Gravel pit closure		393,374		-		393,374
Conservation of natural resources		1,003,734		-		1,003,734
Assigned						
Culture and recreation		520,955				520,955
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,918,063	\$	654,670	<u>\$</u>	2,572,733
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,319,920	\$	665,970	\$	2,985,890

EXHIBIT B-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	(I	Special Revenue (Exhibit B-4)		Debt Service		Total (Exhibit 5)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	151,126	\$	452,200	\$	603,326	
Intergovernmental		223,842		9,791		233,633	
Charges for services		6,740		-		6,740	
Gifts and contributions		1,810		-		1,810	
Miscellaneous		954,235				954,235	
Total Revenues	\$	1,337,753	<u>s</u>	461,991	\$	1,799,744	
Expenditures							
Current							
Culture and recreation	\$	292,933	\$	-	\$	292,933	
Conservation of natural resources		842,113		-		842,113	
Debt service							
Principal		-		335,000		335,000	
Interest		-		97,475		97,475	
Administrative (fiscal) charges				3,250		3,250	
Total Expenditures	\$	1,135,046	<u>s</u>	435,725	\$	1,570,771	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	202,707	\$	26,266	\$	228,973	
Fund Balance - January 1		1,715,356		628,404		2,343,760	
Fund Balance - December 31	<u>s</u>	1,918,063	\$	654,670	\$	2,572,733	

EXHIBIT B-3

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

		arks and ecreation	_	Resource velopment		County Ditch	F	Natural lesource magement		Gravel Tax		Total
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and pooled investments Taxes receivable	\$	522,336	\$	924,787	\$	1,407	\$	283,717	\$	495,086	\$	2,227,333
Current		1,880		-		•		-		-		1,880
Prior		744		-		-		0.671		51.266		744
Accounts receivable		- 20.026		•		-		9,671		51,366		61,037
Due from other governments		28,926							_			28,926
Total Assets	\$	553,886	\$	924,787	<u>\$</u>	1,407	\$	293,388	\$	546,452	\$	2,319,920
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u>												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	29,852	\$	-	\$	-	\$	363	\$	•	\$	30,215
Salaries payable		-		-		-		7,059		-		7,059
Due to other funds		455		617		•		84		23,307		24,463
Due to other governments		-		-				207,725	_	129,771		337,496
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	30,307	\$	617	\$		\$	215,231	\$	153,078	\$	399,233
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unavailable revenues	<u>\$</u>	2,624	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	2,624
Fund Balances Restricted												
Gravel pit closure	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	393,374	\$	393,374
Conservation of natural resources		-		924,170		1,407		78,157				1,003,734
Assigned				•		•		•				
Culture and recreation	_	520,955				-			_			520,955
Total Fund Balances	\$	520,955	<u>\$</u>	924,170	<u>\$</u>	1,407	\$	78,157	\$	393,374	<u>\$</u>	1,918,063
Total Liabilities, Deferred												
Inflows of Resources and					_	4 405	•	402 200		m 1 / 1 m =	•	* *** ***
Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	553,886	\$	924,787	<u>\$</u>	1,407	<u>\$</u>	293,388	\$	546,452	<u>\$</u>	2,319,920

EXHIBIT B-4

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	_	arks and ecreation		Resource velopment		County Ditch	1	Natural Resource anagement	Gravel Tax		Total
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	110,811	\$	•	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 40,315	\$	151,126
Intergovernmental		144,636		79,206		-		-	-		223,842
Charges for services		6,740		· <u>-</u>		-		-	-		6,740
Gifts and contributions		1,810		-		-		•	-		1,810
Miscellaneous		140,541		207,257				606,437	 		954,235
Total Revenues	\$	404,538	\$	286,463	<u>\$</u>		<u>s</u>	606,437	\$ 40,315	<u>\$</u>	1,337,753
Expenditures											
Current											
Culture and recreation	\$	292,933	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	292,933
Conservation of natural resources				96,109		3,853		612,319	 129,832		842,113
Total Expenditures	\$	292,933	\$	96,109	<u>\$</u>	3,853	<u>\$</u>	612,319	\$ 129,832	<u>\$</u>	1,135,046
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	111,605	\$	190,354	\$	(3,853)	\$	(5,882)	\$ (89,517)	\$	202,707
Fund Balance - January 1		409,350		733,816		5,260		84,039	 482,891		1,715,356
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	520,955	<u>\$</u>	924,170	\$	1,407	<u>\$</u> _	78,157	\$ 393,374	\$	1,918,063

EXHIBIT B-5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARKS AND RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	geted Amounts		Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	111,981	\$	111,981	\$	110,811	\$	(1,170)
Intergovernmental		124,556		124,556		144,636		20,080
Charges for services		3,000		3,000		6,740		3,740
Gifts and contributions		-		-		1,810		1,810
Miscellaneous		30,000		30,000		140,541		110,541
Total Revenues	\$	269,537	\$	269,537	\$	404,538	\$	135,001
Expenditures								
Current								
Culture and recreation								
Recreation		269,537		269,537		292,933		(23,396)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	111,605	\$	111,605
Fund Balance - January 1	<u></u>	409,350		409,350		409,350	<u></u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	409,350	\$	409,350	\$	520,955	\$	111,605

EXHIBIT B-6

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amou	ıts		Actual	Va	riance with
		Original		Final	<u></u>	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	65,650	\$	65,650	\$	79,206	\$	13,556
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>				207,257		207,257
Total Revenues	\$	65,650	\$	65,650	\$	286,463	\$	220,813
Expenditures						•		
Current								
Conservation of natural resources								
Resource development		104,200		104,200		96,109		8,091
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(38,550)	\$	(38,550)	\$	190,354	\$	228,904
Fund Balance - January 1		733,816		733,816		733,816		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	695,266	\$	695,266	\$	924,170	\$	228,904

EXHIBIT B-7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original			Final		mounts	Final Budget	
Expenditures Current Conservation of natural resources County ditch	\$		\$		\$	3,853	\$	(3,853)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,853)	\$	(3,853)
Fund Balance - January 1		5,260		5,260		5,260		<u></u>
Fund Balance - December 31	<u>\$</u>	5,260	\$	5,260	\$	1,407	\$	(3,853)

EXHIBIT B-8

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual	Va	riance with
•	Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues							
Miscellaneous	\$ 376,000	\$	376,000	\$	606,437	\$	230,437
Expenditures							
Current							
Conservation of natural resources							
Tax forfeited sales	 420,000		420,000		612,319		(192,319)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (44,000)	\$	(44,000)	\$	(5,882)	\$	38,118
Fund Balance - January 1	 84,039		84,039		84,039		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 40,039	\$	40,039	<u>\$</u>	78,157	\$	38,118

EXHIBIT B-9

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GRAVEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amou			Actual		riance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	<u>\$</u>	40,315	\$	10,315
Expenditures								
Current								
Conservation of natural resources								
Other		150,000		150,000		129,832		20,168
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(120,000)	\$	(120,000)	\$	(89,517)	\$	30,483
Fund Balance - January 1		482,891		482,891		482,891		-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	362,891	\$	362,891	\$	393,374	\$	30,483

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

The <u>Clearing Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the payroll deductions and the distributions of revenues that were collected on behalf of other taxing districts.

The <u>Taxes and Penalties Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection of taxes, penalties, and special assessments and their payment to the various County funds and taxing districts.

The <u>Children's Initiative Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the cash transactions of the Becker County Children's Initiative.

EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		alance nuary 1		Additions	1	Deductions		Balance ecember 31
CLEARING FUND								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	427,930	<u>\$</u>	4,188,966	\$	4,413,858	<u>\$</u>	203,038
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	283,236 144,694	\$	2,099,023 2,089,943	\$	2,272,678 2,141,180	\$	109,581 93,457
Total Liabilities	\$	427,930	\$	4,188,966	<u>\$</u>	4,413,858	<u>\$</u>	203,038
TAXES AND PENALTIES FUND Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	751,849	<u>\$</u>	52,809,888	\$	51,645,736	\$	1,916,001
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Due to other governments Deferred credits	\$	620,404 131,445	\$	51,479,711 1,330,177	\$	51,514,291 131,445	\$	585,824 1,330,177
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	751,849	\$	52,809,888	\$	51,645,736	<u>\$</u>	1,916,001
CHILDREN'S INITIATIVE FUND Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	81,679	\$	223,444	\$	174,335	<u>\$</u>	130,788
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Due to other governments	\$	81,679	\$	223,444	S	174,335	\$	130,788

EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	1,261,458	<u>\$</u>	57,222,298	<u>s</u>	56,233,929	<u>\$</u>	2,249,827
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable Due to other governments Deferred credits	\$	283,236 846,777 131,445	\$	2,099,023 53,793,098 1,330,177	\$	2,272,678 53,829,806 131,445	\$	109,581 810,069 1,330,177
Total Liabilities	\$	1,261,458	\$	57,222,298	<u>s</u>	56,233,929	<u>\$</u>	2,249,827



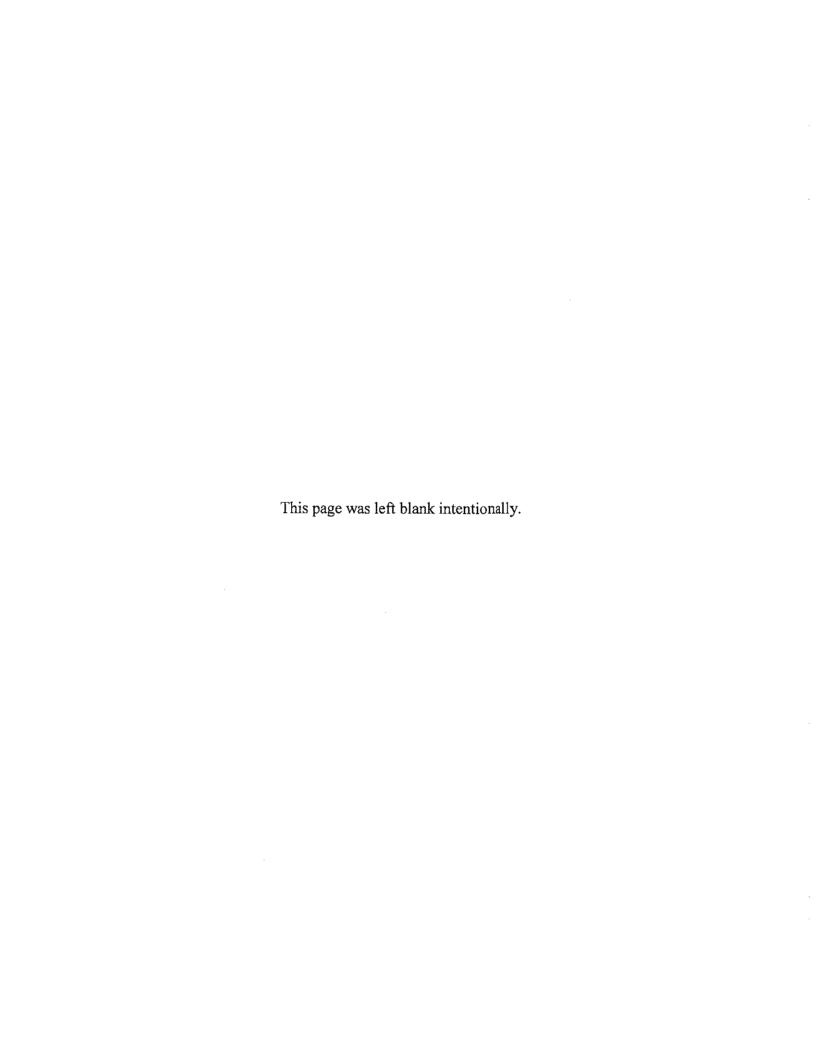


EXHIBIT D-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	G	overnmental Funds	Pro Cor	scretely esented mponent Unit		All Funds
Appropriations and Shared Revenue						
State	\$	15,351,724	\$		\$	15,351,724
Highway users tax	3	1,119,695	Þ	-	Þ	1,119,695
County program aid PERA rate reimbursement		38,181		-		38,181
Police aid		176,343		_		176,343
Aquatic Invasive Species		349,327		_		349,327
Aquatic invasive opecies Riparian		92,254		_		92,254
E-911		110,189		_		110,189
Market value credit		304,020		1,823		305,843
Disparity reduction aid		4,129		1,025		4,129
Disparity reduction and	-	7,127				1,127
Total shared revenue	\$	17,545,862	\$	1,823	<u>s</u>	17,547,685
Reimbursement for Services						
State						
Minnesota Department of Human Services	<u>\$</u>	1,539,833	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	1,539,833
Payments						
Local	_		_		_	
Payments in lieu of taxes	<u>\$</u>	451,462	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	451,462
Grants						
State						
Minnesota Department/Board of	æ	635	c		\$	635
Agriculture	\$	398,719	\$	-	Þ	398,719
Corrections		28,079		-		28,079
Public Safety		262,000		-		262,000
Transportation Health		550,795		-		550,795
Veterans Affairs		(2,275)		-		(2,275)
Natural Resources		214,777		-		214,777
Human Services		2,364,687		_		2,364,687
Water and Soil Resources		69,364				69,364
Minnesota Pollution Control Agency		652,469				652,469
Total state	\$	4,539,250	\$	_	\$	4,539,250

EXHIBIT D-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Discretely Presented Governmental Component Funds Unit			All Funds		
Grants (Continued)							
Federal							
Department of							
Agriculture	\$	437,217	\$	-	\$	437,217	
Housing and Urban Development		-		446,286		446,286	
Justice		44,722		-		44,722	
Transportation		481,088		-		481,088	
Education		1,933		-		1,933	
Health and Human Services		4,229,401		-		4,229,401	
Homeland Security		38,393		<u>-</u>		38,393	
Total federal	<u>\$</u>	5,232,754	\$	446,286	<u>\$</u>	5,679,040	
Total state and federal grants	\$	9,772,004	\$	446,286	\$	10,218,290	
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>\$</u>	29,309,161	\$	448,109	\$	29,757,270	

EXHIBIT D-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers	Ex	penditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Partnership4Health Community Health Board				
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	32573	\$	168,414
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services State Administrative Matching Grants for the				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	172MN101S2514		268,803
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	437,217
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct				
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	n/a - Direct	\$	85,285
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	n/a - Direct	•	326,584
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	n/a - Direct		34,417
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			<u>s</u>	446,286
U.S. Department of Justice				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		\$	11,575
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Trial Courts			_	
Crime Victim Assistant Grant	16.575		\$	33,147
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>s</u>	44,722
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	53490		48,188
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	07174		103,110
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety				
Highway Safety Cluster		F-ENFRC15-2017-		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	BECKERSO-1976		11,110
Maria De altre Co Decret Office Lee Co Delicies William Leteries 1	20.608	F-ENFRC15-2017-		25.005
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20,008	BECKERSO-1365		25,095
		F-ENFRC15-2017-		
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	BECKERSO-1976		8,570
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	196,073
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed Through Partnership4Health Community Health Board				
Special Education Grant for Infants and Families	84.181	87630	<u>s</u>	1,933

EXHIBIT D-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers	ghExpenditures	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through Partnership4Health Community Health Board				
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	90858	\$	12,519
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening	93.251	Not Provided	Ψ	3,700
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home	73.231	Not Horiaca		3,700
Visiting Program	93.505	87929		282,519
State Planning and Establishment Grants for the Affordable Care	33.000	0,723		202,317
Act (ACA)'s Exchanges	93.525	Not Provided		560
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93,558	95995		62,542
(Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 \$587,907)	70,000	33773		V2,0 .2
Medical Assistance Program	93,778	05-1705MN5ADM		49,450
(Total Medical Assistance Program 93.778 \$1,437,115)	30,1.10	03 1,031,21,31251.1		.,,.05
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93,994	Not Provided		46,257
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	G-1601MNFPSS		130,381
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	1601MNTANF		525,365
(Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 \$412,047)				
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	1704MNCSES		818,769
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93,566	1701MNRCMA		625
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	G1701MNCCDF		10,252
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590	G-1502MNFRPG		6,191
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93,645	G-1601MNCWSS		12,519
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	1701MNFOST		557,828
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1701MNSOSR		309,101
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	G-1601MNCILP		12,912
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	1605MN5021		246
Medical Assistance Program	93,778	05-1705MN5ADM		1,387,665
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>\$</u>	4,229,401
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources				
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	BECKER FBG-100717	\$	7,625
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety		r = 400 0010		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	F-EMPG-2017- BECKERCO-1844		30,768
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	38,393
Total Federal Awards			\$	5,394,025

Becker County did not pass any federal awards through to subrecipients in 2017.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the EDA's presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Becker County and the Becker County Economic Development Authority (EDA), a component unit of the County. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the level of federal funding for the Becker County EDA did not require a separate single audit to be performed for the component unit. The County's reporting entity is defined in Notes 1 and 7 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Becker County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Becker County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Becker County.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Becker County has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue

\$ 5,679,040
 (285,015)
\$ 5,394,025
\$ \$

